COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION

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PUBLIC MEETING

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BEFORE: MEMBERS OF THE BOARD:

STANLEY I. KNICK, JR., PRESIDENT

Haley J. Sankey, Vice President

Allen J. DiMarco, Secretary

Kristen Koppenhafer, Member

Scott H. Foradora, Member

Michael F. Mitrick, Member

Todd A. Pride, Member (via telephone)

Robert C. Schwalm, Member

MEETING: Monday, July 28, 2025, 1:02 p.m.

LOCATION: PA Game Commission

2001 Elmerton Avenue

Harrisburg, PA 17110

Reporter: Derek Richmond

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1	APPEARANCES	
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3	W. CREIGH MARTSON, ESQUIRE	
4	PA Game Commission	
5	2001 Elmerton Avenue	
6	Harrisburg, PA 17110	
7	Counsel for Pennsylvania Game Commission	
8		
9	ALSO PRESENT:	
10	STEPHEN P. SMITH, Executive Director	
11	DR. MATTHEW SCHNUPP, Director of Bureau of Wildlife	
12	Management	
13	LAUREN FERRERI, Director of Bureau of Information	
14	and Education	
15	TIMOTHY HAYDT, Director of Bureau of Wildlife	
16	Habitat Management	
17	MARY JO CASALENA	
18	IAN GREGG	
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3	DISCUSSION	AMONG	PARTIES					4 -	60
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COMMISSIONER MITRICK: Here.

COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Commissioner

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   Pride?
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                   COMMISSIONER PRIDE: Here.
                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Commissioner
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   Schwalm?
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                   COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: Here.
                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Mr. President,
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   you have a quorum.
                   PRESIDENT KNICK: Okay.
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                   Thank you. Okay. I have a motion to
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   approve the minutes held - for the meeting held April
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   12th, 2025.
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                   COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: So moved.
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                   COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Second.
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                   PRESIDENT KNICK: Mr. Secretary, would
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   you call - call for a vote, please?
                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those in favor
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   of the stated motion, would you please signify by
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   saying aye?
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   (AYES RESPOND)
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                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those opposed,
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   nay.
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   (NO RESPONSE)
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                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: The motion
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   carries.
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                   PRESIDENT KNICK: All right.
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At this time, I'd like to ask our Executive Director for some comments.

MR. SMITH: All right.

Thank you, President Knick. So, one word that we have heard a lot over the past couple weeks in reference to events has been the word historic. There have been historic votes, historic meetings. We had a historic bill signing, historic press conference.

However, we are not done yet. There's still is one more historic moment that needs to take place for this year, and that's this meeting here today. Because for the first time in the 130-year history of our agency, we are having a meeting in which we know for certain the ban on hunting on Sundays is about to expire. The restriction that has been in place throughout the entire history of our agency will soon be taken out of Title 34.

Looking ahead, what that means for the Board is when you come back in January and begin the process to set the seasons and bag limits for the '26-27 hunting season, you can incorporate Sundays as you see fit throughout the seasons and treat it essentially as any other day. That process of amending and adopting those seasons and bag limits,

as you well know, takes time. Typically, that process, you're looking at about a minimum of 12 to 14 weeks for regulations to be proposed, published, adopted, finalized, and then published one more time.

That time work will certainly work for future seasons, but it presents challenges for this license year. If we tried to follow that standard regulatory process, the earliest that you could implement Sunday hunting would be approximately mid-November. And as you know, there are already three Sunday hunting dates established for that mid-November time frame. So essentially, it would become a moot point for this hunting year. That's an outcome that I think our hunters and for us at the agency would find unacceptable.

Fortunately, our predecessors decades ago had the foresight to adopt a regulation that allows for the executive director to issue an executive order extending seasons after they have already been established. And that's the option that I'm proposing today. I'm asking, and I'm recommending the Board to adopt a resolution directing the signing of an executive order that extends the established hunting seasons to include the Sundays from Sunday September 14th through

Sunday, December 7th.

This resolution is simple and straightforward. It would open up Sundays for hunting during that time period. This would add ten additional Sunday hunting opportunities to the three that you already created in April of this year.

One caveat that I would note is the executive order will need to exclude migratory game birds from Sunday hunting this year so that we can stay within the framework given to us by the US Fish and Wildlife Service for those seasons.

As we look ahead to the remainder of the current license year, one comment that we've received, and I'm sure you have as well, is regarding the potential to hunt spring gobblers on Sundays as well. Our recommendation is going to be not to include spring gobbler seasons within that resolution, and you'll soon hear testimony from our Bureau of Wildlife Management regarding potential biological concerns.

So you'll hear on those points shortly, and you'll also hear from the Bureau of Wildlife Management regarding the sustainability of our wildlife populations and why we are in a position to make these recommendations. I recognize that this

is an unusual process for this license year, but it provides a clear and timely path forward to implement Sunday hunting this fall for the majority of our hunting seasons. And quite frankly, I think we realize that our hunters have waited long enough.

So with that, I'll ask Dr. Matthew Schnupp from the Bureau of Wildlife Management to come and speak to what is proposed in the resolution and the biological impacts.

DR. SCHNUPP: Good afternoon, everybody. Steve said my name's Matthew Schnupp, Bureau Director for the Wildlife Management Bureau. Appreciate all your time this morning, this afternoon.

As you recall in the April meeting, I was up here really touting our hunters and their ability to meet our achievement - to meet our goals of our management objectives of antlerless allocations, and the fact that our hunters really showed up. And so, I'm really excited to be here today to give something back to them, which is the Sunday hunting, which we all know that they've really wanted for so many years. So I'm excited to be part of that, and certainly I think I can speak on behalf of staff to say that we are all excited to provide

that today.

An important step in allowing Sunday hunting is that the Wildlife Management Bureau provides a thorough review of wildlife surveys and inventory data. And so, the staff of the Wildlife Management Bureau provided this review by evaluating various data sets that we have access to. The game take survey for one, the Grouse Hunter Cooperative Survey is another one. Mandatory check stations for bears, as you all well know, and as well as the research that we use as the foundation of our programs.

And so ultimately, we are not concerned with the addition of the 13 Sundays as written in the resolution. Ultimately, our harvest monitoring programs are robust enough to be able to handle modifications like Sunday hunting. And if we detect a population impact, we would adjust accordingly next year. This is really something that we get tout in Pennsylvania is that we have species specific biologists focused solely on species within Pennsylvania. And so, this is really something that we can adjust to on an addition of a 13 day Sunday hunting and really monitor that moving forward to make sure that that negative impact isn't seen. And

if it is seen, then we adjust accordingly.

However, as Steve had mentioned, there is an exception to migratory bird season due to the federal framework and season setting process. We are recommending that Sundays remain closed.

Additionally, although it's outside of the bounds of the current resolution, we are concerned with Sunday hunting during spring turkey season.

Our recommendation is to use the results of the current research project as a guide forward for setting future turkey season recommendations. And you will hear more from Mary Jo, who will follow up, who's our turkey biologist in Pennsylvania, as well as Ian Gregg, who is our Division Chief of Operations, will talk to you about some of the federal framework issues that we ran into. But ultimately, again, this is really a joyful day to be able to be here and be part of this process.

Now obviously, there are more game species than - than turkey and water - migratory game birds. So I'm happy to take any questions that you guys may have on other species of concern. But I do want to recognize the staff that's in the room that lives day in, day out to make sure that these

populations are monitored and that this evaluation was provided in a thorough manner. And so, I'll do the best that I can to represent their programs. But ultimately, I do want to call attention to them that - that, again, work day in and day out to manage that.

COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: I'll kick things off if nobody else will. Dr. Schnupp, can you speak to grouse having four additional Sundays, and knowing that grouse is a species we've been monitoring very, very closely the last few years and kind of how that plays into the equation here?

DR. SCHNUPP: Sure, sure. Yeah. So Reina Tyl has done a great job of monitoring the grouse populations in a number of different ways.

Game take survey as well as really tip our hats to the grouse hunters. I mean, the grouse hunters is a small group, tight knit people, hunters that go out and really, that have the skills and expertise that collect the data that we ask them to collect. Total number of grouse flushed, so on and so forth.

And so, we've been monitoring that.

And if - if those of you that were here during the

time when we actually withdrew the late season. And so, we did that because our previous grouse biologist now, still part of the Bureau within the recovery division, Lisa Williams, made a really close connection between West Nile virus and grouse populations. And so, her recommendation was to pull back that late season survey. When we - I'm sorry, late season hunting, when we knew that the harvest was actually additive. So that means that it really mattered, that when we harvested those birds late in the season, that was our breeding population. So we drew that season back.

We saw great support and a great response from our grouse hunters to do that. And so, with that being said, within the resolution's framework right now, we would see those additional season dates in the early season. And so we do not - we don't expect a direct impact, but frankly, we again would rely a lot on our grouse hunters and our game take survey to monitor that to make sure that that doesn't become an issue.

COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: Thank you.

DR. SCHNUPP: Yes, thank you.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Anyone else? Well

25 thank you, Matthew. Appreciate it.

DR. SCHNUPP: Okay.

So next we'll introduce Mary Jo

Casalena.

MS. CASALENA: All right.

Good afternoon, everybody. As Matthew mentioned, I'm Mary Jo Casalena, the wild turkey biologist. And thanks for inviting me here to provide our Bureau's perspective of wild turkey seasons regarding Sunday hunting for the fall 2025 season.

Our ten-year turkey management plan guides all turkey related recommendations. The population objective is to sustain and enhance populations within the limits of social and biological carrying capacities in each of our wildlife management units. To meet that objective, we annually monitor populations and adjust harvest accordingly. Oops, I forgot to advance the slide. There we go.

Compared to large mammal populations, wild turkeys have more dramatic annual fluctuations in reproduction and survival. So as a result, wildlife managers cannot precisely control turkey population change over the short term, but we can facilitate desired trends over the longer term

through a combination of harvest and habitat management in concert with population monitoring and research to assess the effectiveness of our management actions.

We reviewed the population and harvest trend data and determined there will be no biological concerns with Sunday hunting for the fall 2025 turkey seasons. The increased opportunity ranges one to three Sundays. Most importantly, the wildlife management units with decreasing population trends will have only one added day. And these are Wildlife Management Units 3D and 4C. You can see on the slide in the light blue with a one week season and Management Unit 5B down in the southeastern part of the state also in the white blue - yeah, light blue, and that has a three day season currently.

Wildlife management units that will have two to three additional days have stable to increasing population trends. And those are in the green and the darker green on the slide. And again, I keep forgetting to advance my slides here. Sorry about that.

So our annual harvest and our population monitoring will be able to capture any impacts that this change may have. Now, Sunday

hunting, as Steve and Matthew mentioned, is not recommended within the current spring season structure due to biological concerns. For the youth season, the biological concern is the timing of when the youth season occurs, and that is before half of the hens have started incubating their nests. Now the additional day, excuse me, that additional day, that Sunday, would increase disturbance to hens at this - at that crucial part of their life cycle, potentially impacting reproductive output. Also, the youth season has a large hunter base and harvest, as you can see from this table here.

Our average youth season harvest is about 2,300 turkeys compared to New York there on the slide at about 2,200 turkeys during their youth season. And I put New York as well as Virginia up there because they're the states with the second and third largest youth harvest in the Northeast. And so, you can see New York has about 2,200 birds harvested. And the number of youth hunters in Pennsylvania is only 6,100 compared to the youth hunters in Pennsylvania (sic), about twice that number, 12,800. So that's, again, you know, about half of the hunters, but about the same amount of harvest between New York and Pennsylvania.

And I also would like to mention that New York and Virginia also have, currently have a two day season, Saturday and Sunday, also half-day seasons.

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Now the biological concerns for the regular season are, again, hen disturbance, but you know, early in the season. And secondly, the harvest in wildlife management units with declining population trends.

Our ongoing research, turkey research studies were developed to help inform future recommendations. These studies are the Hen Population Dynamics Study with Penn State University of Pennsylvania and several surrounding states. The completion date for that will be September 2026. Secondly, the fall season setting decision model development process, and that again is with Penn State University. That completion date also is September 2026. And then finally, the gobbler survival and hunting mortality study, again with Penn State. And that completion date is June of 2026. So we'll have final results of these studies for the 2027-28 season recommendation packages. meantime, we will continue to use our robust data set to monitor population level effects for the 2026-2027 season package. Packages.

So in conclusion, I would like to state that these Sunday hunting recommendations are guided by our research and monitoring. We have no biological concerns for the fall 2025 seasons, as we stated. We recommend analyzing research results prior to analyzing Sundays to the spring seasons. And again, these recommendations are data driven.

We will continue to utilize our monitoring of the data and monitoring or assessing population sustainability. Oops, I'm sorry. I forgot to say the last thing. And that is that recommendations can be adjusted as research analyses are completed as Steve and Matthew previously stated.

So with that, I thank you very much for your time, and I ask if there's any questions.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Does anybody have a question? Commissioner Schwalm.

COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: Thank you, Mary Jo. Well done. Hey, what do we - how many second gobbler tags do we issue and would you know how many birds we actually take on that second tag?

MS. CASALENA: Yeah, there's about, on average, around 21,500 tags that we issue. And keep in mind we hunters need to purchase that license,

that tag prior to the season, the regular season opening. And the harvests range from, trying to think. I think it's around 5,000. No, I think it's around, yeah. It's around 3 to 5,000. I can check on you to get the actual number.

COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: Please.

MS. CASALENA: I do want to mention, keep - now keep in mind, as I mentioned before, the timing of our spring season harvest is really the biological concern. With the second tag that's, we have a daily limit of one bird, right? So, you know, so obviously the second tag has to come, you know, after the first day of the season.

But so, when we're comparing the second tag harvest to other harvests, it's difficult to. It's almost comparing apples to oranges because the second tag that harvest occurs throughout the entire season. If you bear with me here, I can pull up a slide that shows that. Here. Let's see, I have a bunch of different slides here. Where did I put that one? I must not have added that one in. No, that's annual recruitment. Okay, so. Oh, here it is.

So this is the percent of the special license harvest by day of the season. And you can

see it's a pretty stable harvest throughout the entire season. So my point here is, I'm sorry. Let me show that to you on full screen there. There you go. That's much better. And don't mind that blue graph, that blue line. That's nothing. I was trying to put these things, put these slides together pretty quickly and I wasn't able to get rid of that blue line.

But the red line, the orange line is the percent of the special harvest by day of season. I don't know if that helps you with the - with that question that you asked?

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Is Commissioner Schwalm, may I ask an addendum to your
question?

COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: Yes.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: What is - I think what you're asking is the percentage. Like, it's showing we get to 100 percent, but that's the participation by the end of the season.

Correct?

MS. CASALENA: No, that's harvest.

That's the - that's the percent of the special harvest by the day of the season. So, you know, from zero percent of the - so obviously, you know, zero at

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the first day of the season. Yeah. So I was -
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   basically, it's just trying to show you the - the,
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   you know. That the harvest from the special tag is
   pretty consistent throughout the season.
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                   COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Is the special
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   tag the blue line?
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                   MS. CASALENA: No, the special tag is
   the orange line. So it's just showing you -
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                   COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Yeah because -
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                   MS. CASALENA: - that harvest is
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   occurring pretty steadily for the second tag for the
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   entire season.
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                   COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Right, I
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   understand now. And you're going to get what
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   percentage, of the 21,000, how many are filled out
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   percentage? That's what you're going to get back to
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   us on?
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                   MS. CASALENA: Well, yeah. I'm going
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   to get back to you on the exact harvest.
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                   COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Yeah.
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                   MS. CASALENA:
                                 Yeah. The exact
             It's somewhere between 3 and 5,000.
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   harvest.
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                   COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: So if I may ask
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   another question. So if we took a look at, once we
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find out what the total amount is of a harvest on

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that second tag, there might be a possibility in the future, obviously not this year, but looking down the line that we could possibly move the mentored hunt later into the season or move it up where it wouldn't be in that early part of the season where turkeys are most vulnerable, and possibly do something with that second tag like eliminate it? Would that be something that would enable us to move forward for the second - for a two-day mentored hunt?

MS. CASALENA: Yeah, you could change the dates of the mentored hunt to be sometime during the regular season, but you wouldn't need to - so we did, through Penn, through cooperation with Penn State, we just received the data, Friday as a matter of fact, where they - they

- there was a survey that asked hunters about different, their - different opinions about the spring season.

One - one of the - one of the questions was regarding the second tag. And - and this is, you know, data from the 2024, just right after the 2024 spring season, asking hunters if they basically, you know, if they wanted to keep the second tag, if they wanted to eliminate the second tag, if they would want the second tag for the second

half of the season. And the majority of the hunters 1 2 stated their opinion was to keep the special tag, so. 3 So I mean, you know, typically what 4 we've been trying to do is, you know, help formulate. 5 The Bureau of Wildlife Management formulates 6 recommendations based on biology, but also adding 7 some information on human dimensions is an important aspect of, you know, of viewer consideration. wanted to make sure that you're aware of that. And 10 obviously when the study is completed from Penn State, then all of that information will be provided 11 12 to you. 13 COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: What if we 14 asked the hunters would you be willing to give up the 15 second tag to enable us to have a two-day mentored 16 hunt? Would we be able to do something like that? MS. CASALENA: Well, that's. 17 18 COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: I think you 19 would get a different response versus just asking the 20 question, would you be more willing to sacrifice the 21 second hunt? 22 Yes, so that would be MS. CASALENA: 23

24 <u>COMMISSIONER SCHWALM:</u> The second tag, 25 excuse me.

MS. CASALENA: Yeah, that would - that would be out of - that would be a question higher up the chain, so.

MS. FERRERI: Yeah, Bob, the thing is we do need to mention this areas within the information and education. We can certainly work with PWM to figure out a way to ask those questions to specifically get to that point. It all depends on the way you ask the question to the public. We absolutely will get more information on that.

COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: Thank you.

12 Thank you, Mary Jo.

MS. CASALENA: You're welcome. Are there any other questions?

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Yes. I know it's premature, but you've heard me say before, Mary Jo. Is some of your questions and/or planning - we do not have a fall turkey tag. So we -

MS. CASALENA: Correct.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: - don't precisely know how many people are hunting or opportunistic in an archery stand anymore. So is that something we could look at in the future, fall turkey tag? Like, play into your biological, so we know how many hunters there are up and to and

including, you know, what the popularity of spring turkey season and the kill of limiting some of the hen take in the fall?

MS. CASALENA: So our current research shows that our, the fall harvest has. That the actual fall harvest has declined, you know, quite substantially. In 2024, actually it was about 8,000 turkeys that we harvested. And so, that was pretty similar to 2020. Between 2021 and 2023, it dropped below 8,000.

In our current research with Penn State and UPenn shows that hen harvest rates are - are very low, less than two percent. So, but then we also see that whenever we increase hunting opportunities, yes, we do increase harvest. So you're always going to be, you know, increasing hen harvest rates. But so, currently, our fall harvests are not at the breaking point for turkey populations, specifically, you know, those that have increasing to stable population trends. We only have three wildlife management units with decreasing population trends at this point.

So long story, I guess that's a long answer to your question. But we do, to answer your question about the number of fall turkey hunters, I

mean we do have the game take survey, and we also know the number of spring turkey hunters with their spring turkey hunter survey. So those are crucial pieces of data that we are able to get from those surveys. Whether we would provide a fall turkey tag or a spring turkey tag, I mean that would be up to, you know, the Board and the Agency. It would be a completely different method of managing the turkey population. So there would be a period of years where we would have to adjust to that completely different methodology. And so, you know, we would have to create a new, a brand-new data set. So it would take time to develop that, and then the previous data wouldn't really be used to compare because it would use a completely different type of data set.

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But I just want to make sure that the Board is aware that whenever you make a major change like that, then you need time to then analyze the data and look at the trends. And we would probably need new research with Penn State to develop a different fall season decision model, so.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Thank you.
MS. CASALENA: You're welcome.

COMMISSIONER SANKEY: I think maybe what Commissioner Foradora was after, and correct me if I'm wrong, but we talked a lot - we talk about incidental take. And do we have any way of understanding how many of the fall turkeys are taken just because someone's deer hunting and they happen to cross our paths? And is that something we could also maybe survey to get a better idea of?

MS. CASALENA: Yes. Yeah, we did ask that survey in the 2020 survey, and I don't have those numbers off the top of my head, but, you know, again, a lot has changed with fall turkey hunting since 2020. With the elimination of rifles, then we, you know, that incidental take obviously will be a lot different. Yeah.

So, and so, but we do have the - we have the information from archery hunting, you know, prior to archery hunting, incidental take.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: So when I ask the question, how reliable? What archers going to say they stuck three arrows through a turkey in a fall season and not get them?

MS. CASALENA: Well, that's going to be consistent across, you know, across all. All species and all methods, most likely.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Okay.

MS. CASALENA: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: But that is, thank you. Somehow we need to take that into account. Thank you.

MS. CASALENA: Okay.

COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: Mary Jo, can you speak a little bit about what you're anticipating from an increased harvest standpoint? I know we've talked before that Sundays don't necessarily equate to a Saturday harvest, but it's probably more than a Tuesday harvest. So how, kind of walk us through in your mind's eye, so to speak, how these additional days, whether it's one or three, is okay? Like, there's a lot of turkey hunters out there that are thinking man, fall season structures, how we can manipulate population levels at the WMU. And there's a lot of concern that, just to make sure that we're not kind of putting the cart before the horse, and that biologically, we're okay with this.

MS. CASALENA: Yeah. So I haven't had time to, you know, to make the calculations exactly how we predict the harvest is going to change. But I do want to mention that with the structure that we have right now for fall season with no rifles, you

know, and we have the ability to, because we've decreased the harvest and number of hunters, then we do have the ability to provide more opportunity in terms of season length right now.

And we, you know, we did see an increase in fall harvest in 2024 because we increased season length for 15 wildlife management units, decreased it in two. So just knowing what happened from 2020 to 2023, and then, you know, a slight increase in harvest in 2024, going with one additional day, knowing that, okay, so Virginia started Sunday hunting in 2014, and they estimated that the addition of Sunday equated to about a Friday, maybe a Thursday, you know, harvest. It certainly wasn't Saturday, but it wasn't like, you know, a Tuesday, like you said.

So knowing that information from another northeastern state, Virginia's actually still considered the northeast for our technical committee, by the way. So, you know, knowing that and knowing what we've done in the past with hunter opportunity, that's where we're basing our biology on. And, you know, basically all of the data. Thankfully, we have lots of very good data.

COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: So you're

saying we have the wiggle room? That's what I hear 1 2 from you. 3 MS. CASALENA: Yes, yes. 4 COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: Perfect. 5 MS. CASALENA: That's exactly what I'm 6 saying. 7 COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: Perfect. Thank you, Mary Jo. 9 PRESIDENT KNICK: Any other questions? 10 All right. Thank you, Mary Jo. 11 MS. CASALENA: Okay. 12 Thank you very much. Appreciate it. 13 MR. SMITH: Panel, I think we need to 14 make a quick technical break here. He's going to 15 jump in. 16 17 (WHEREUPON, THERE WAS A PAUSE DURING THE PROCEEDING.) 18 19 MR. GREGG: Good afternoon, everyone. 20 I'm Ian Gregg, Chief of the Wildlife Operations 21 Division in the Bureau of Wildlife Management. It's definitely been exciting times here the last few 22 23 weeks with the passage of Act 36, and our Bureaus, as 24 you've heard, spent a lot of time digging into the 25 biology of these different species. And in most

cases, that strongly supports the additional Sunday hunting opportunities that are being proposed.

We've heard a couple of concerns as well from a biological standpoint, and I'm here today to cover one additional species group, migratory game birds, where the Bureau of Wildlife Management is recommending that Sundays remain closed to hunting for the 2025-26 license year. That actually has nothing to do with biology, but it's a matter of some logistical constraints and data gaps that we have, which I'll be covering in this presentation.

weeds, I just want to take a step back and talk a little bit about these species in general. They probably aren't typically the first ones that come to your mind when you think of Penn's Woods, but they are definitely important to our constituents. Recent estimates from the Harvest Information Program indicate that Pennsylvania has between 15 and 20,000 hunters that pursue ducks, geese and doves annually, as well as about 3,500 woodcock hunters. And all of those numbers are in the top five among the 17 states in the Atlantic Flyway. And actually, the last few years, we ranked first in the Flyway for the number of goose hunters, even a little bit ahead of our

neighbor to the south, Maryland, which is much more commonly thought of as a destination state for waterfowl hunting.

And of course, if you've ever been in a traffic jam at Middle Creek during the snow goose migration in the spring, you know that these species are very important to our nonconsumptive users as well.

Just like all these other species that we've been talking about, management of migratory game birds is very much data driven. In this case, it's a federal state partnership in collecting that data, but there's definitely some heavy lifting that goes on, on the Game Commission side. Just as one example, we have numerous agency staff that conduct population surveys in the spring, winter, and fall months for various species. We also band around 2,000 to 3,000 resident Canada geese, around 2,000 to 3,000 ducks, and around 800 to 900 mourning doves every year to get data that provides information on harvest and survival rates that's used in setting those seasons.

We've also had recent or current involvement in a variety of migration and nesting satellite telemetry projects for American woodcock,

for mallards, and for Atlantic population Canada geese.

From a habitat standpoint, we put a lot of manpower and money into wetland restoration and management, young forest management, managed dove fields, and staff from our agency also participate in the Atlantic Flyway Council process by which regulations are set.

All that said, with all that state level investment that we do have in these species, it's important to remember that migratory game birds are ultimately under federal authority based on the Migratory Birth Treaty Act. And that status has a lot of ramifications for what we can do with our hunting seasons for those species, including some aspects specific to Sunday hunting that I'll be talking about here as we go through the presentation.

One important thing to note is that each state gets an allotment every year of total hunting days for each migratory game bird species under the federal frameworks, and that varies by species. So for example, for mourning doves, we're allowed 90 days of hunting. For ducks, we get 60 days of hunting in each of our four duck zones. For woodcock, we get 45 days. For Atlantic population

Canada geese, in recent years we've gotten 30 days.

And even though Sundays have been closed in Pennsylvania, our hunters get the full allotment that they're allowed under those federal frameworks. That hasn't always been the case. Prior to 1997, Pennsylvania and other states where Sundays were closed to hunting by state law. The way the feds looked at it, if those Sundays fell within your season frameworks, if they were closed at the state level, they still counted against your hunting days for those species. So, for example, if Pennsylvania was offered a 60-day duck season, the Sundays that fell within that season counted against us as if they were hunting days. And so, our hunters actually had really about 51 days to hunt ducks.

That changed in 1997 when the Fish and Wildlife Service approved Pennsylvania and nine other states in the Atlantic Flyway for what's called compensatory days. And I realize the language may be a little bit confusing here. This doesn't have anything to do with compensatory and additive mortality, which is a biological issue that we deal with for some species. But here, compensatory days is basically just think of it as providing equal opportunity.

So basically, what that means is for states where Sunday hunting is closed by state law, for each Sunday that's closed during a particular season, we're able to tack on another Monday through Saturday elsewhere in the season, so that our total number of hunting days available to our hunters stays the same as in states that have Sundays open to hunting. So since 1997, if Pennsylvania's offered a 60-day duck season, because of compensatory days, our hunters actually get 60-days to hunt ducks.

Initially, those compensatory days were only applied to waterfowl, ducks, and geese, but in 2018, they were also expanded to the webless species such as doves and woodcock.

So it's important to note that because of compensatory days, our hunters already get the maximum number of allowable hunting days for each migratory game bird species. So this is different than deer or squirrels or grouse that we're talking about, where we keep our existing season dates as they were approved by the Board in April, and just fill-in Sundays within those existing seasons. For migratory game birds, to include Sundays would mean that we'd have to subtract an equal number of days elsewhere in the season to remain within those total

hunting allocation limitations that we get from the Fish and Wildlife Service. So we'd just be shifting those days rather than adding days.

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And it might seem at first glance like maybe that's kind of a no brainer, let's just go ahead and do that. But it's actually not that simple. So even with some of these species that have relatively long hunting seasons, typically the combination of biology and weather means that often, there's only relatively short windows within those seasons that you really have a peak migration that hunters are trying to get out there and catch. A lot of our avid hunters actually prefer our current structure where we have six days a week of hunting, but more weeks to use up those available days, because that just spreads out your weeks, gives you a little bit better chance that you're going to catch those migratory peaks somewhere in the season. They're going to save their vacation days. When the weather's right, the ducks are coming through, that's when they're going to go hunting, and there's a little better opportunity that with keeping Sundays closed and having more weeks in the season, they may hit those dates as they want to.

On the other hand, typically our less

available to hunt and just give me the Saturdays and Sundays, and I'll take the chance of having fewer weeks in the season and maybe having a little lower likelihood of catching those migratory peaks. So this is like a lot of things that we deal with. There's not really a right or wrong answer. You can see when you talk to each individual where they're coming from with their perspective and how their preference makes sense. But also like a lot of other things, it's not really possible to make everyone happy.

We do know, I'm sure you've seen probably public comments on both sides of this question. We've also done some surveys in the past that seem to indicate that it's a pretty close split of our hunters on which of these possibilities they prefer. But the most recent data on that is ten years old at this point. This is also, as was referenced in the turkey presentation, it's - for something this complicated, it can be difficult to ask survey questions in a way that the respondents actually understand the tradeoffs that we're asking them about and are giving us back accurate data. So, there's some question about that piece of it as well.

So it'd be nice in all this if we could kind of dip our toes in the water with Sunday hunting for migratory game birds, go part way, see what happens, and then go from there. But that's where we bump into some issues with back in 1997, when compensatory days were approved for Pennsylvania and the other states, the Fish and Wildlife Service put some logistical constraints or sideboards on those Sundays and compensatory days, basically to make sure that there was some balance between states, that there wasn't all kinds of variations between the various states, and also just to make sure there weren't any detrimental biological impacts.

So one of the important sideboards that we have to deal with is that when it comes to compensatory days and Sundays, a state has to either be all in or all out. So if we were to allow even one Sunday of hunting for even one species of migratory game bird, we would lose our compensatory days for all migratory game birds. So that's why the past few years, with the three Sundays open in November, there hasn't even been any consideration to opening our migratory game birds on those three Sundays because although we'd get that opportunity, we'd lose the compensatory days from the rest of the

season. And actually, the net effect would be a loss of hunting opportunity for our migratory game bird hunters. And that would still continue to be the case at any point until we allow all Sundays for all migratory game birds. Obviously, the more Sundays you add in, the less of an effect that is. But still, losing compensatory days means that you cost opportunity overall.

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So the next logical question might be, okay, well, if we can't be all in or all out, let's just go all in now. And then if we decide we don't like that in the future, we'll pull back and go back to our current structure. Well, there we run into another one of those sideboards from 1997, which is that compensatory days only apply to states where their Sunday closures have been in place since before So if we were to allow, whether it's this year or some future year, migratory game bird hunting on all Sundays, if we ever wanted to go back and close Sundays again, that new closure would no longer be before 1997, we'd no longer be eligible for compensatory days, and we'd be back in that situation where we have Sundays closed but no compensatory days, and we're costing our hunters opportunity.

To be clear here, I'm not saying that

opening Sunday's to migratory game bird hunting in the long term is necessarily a bad decision. Just that it's a decision that's a one-way door. So before we ever make that decision, we need to be sure that we have all our ducks in a row, pun intended, before making that leap.

So basically, that's the background of the Bureau of Wildlife Management recommendation for this year. First of all, that all Sundays for all migratory game birds remain closed in the 2025-26 license year. And along with that, that whatever regulations or executive orders are used to modify other aspects of the '25-26 hunting seasons, that we include a statement that says Sundays remain closed for migratory game bird hunting.

Also, obviously, the human dimensions piece is an important issue here. So we've already, in cooperation with the Bureau of information and education, gotten started to develop some focus groups. And basically, that'll just be some face to face interactive conversation to go through some of these complexities, make sure that the tradeoffs are understood, and develop some survey questions that actually give us back accurate data where we know that the respondents are understanding what we're

trying to ask them and giving us what they really think.

Based - following up from those focus groups then, we'd actually conduct some hunter surveys to get a larger sample size of our migratory game bird hunters and see what actually is their preference. We're also, as mentioned earlier, Pennsylvania hasn't been the only state in this boat. So a few of the ten states that were originally approved for compensatory days since then have instituted Sunday hunting for migratory game birds. So we're in the process of requesting information from those states if they have any data on how did migratory game bird hunter participation, harvest, and satisfaction change after they made that change to Sunday hunting.

So basically by this, by next spring, when time comes to start the 2026-27 regulatory process, we should have more and better data to be able to come back to the Board with a recommendation on whether either to continue our current structure or to open all Sundays to migratory game bird hunting in the future.

Thank you. And with that, I'd be happy to take any questions.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you, Ian. 1 Any 2 questions? Anybody have any questions? All right. 3 Thank you, Ian. 4 MR. GREGG: Thank you. 5 PRESIDENT KNICK: At this time, a 6 motion to accept the resolution? COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: So moved. PRESIDENT KNICK: Second? 9 COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: Second. 10 Second. 11 PRESIDENT KNICK: Any discussion? 12 None being heard, Mr. Secretary, would you call for a 13 vote? COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: Real quick, 14 15 President, if I - if I may. I just wanted to make a 16 couple comments. You know, I think after you know, 17 the legislation was passed, the Governor signed it. Anybody that's on social media has seen stuff and it 18 19 has ranged from, man, I hope we go wide open, full 20 throttle, 52 Sundays a year, no holds bars, let's go. 21 To holy moly, there's no place for hunting on 22 Sundays in Pennsylvania. Shut it down, and 23 everything in-between. 24 What I like about what we have in 25 front of us today is that we've gone from the three

Sundays that we had before to 13 now. And I think what's important to me, you know, as a Commissioner and also as a hunter, is that those are 13 consecutive Sundays. So hopefully, it minimizes confusion for when hunting is allowed on Sundays.

I've seen some news releases from organizations that, you know, might lead people to believe that they can hunt on any Sunday that they want, which if you're in this room, hopefully you know that's not the case.

But I think continuing to drive that messaging that, hey, you know, the legislature gave us this responsibility, and we're taking a big step today, but it's a very calculated, very strategic step to say let's roll this thing out. Let's do it in a way that's meaningful. And at the same time, let's look ahead to next year and say is this the framework that we want to continue with? Is there opportunity to expand it or do we need to throttle it back?

So, you know, kudos to the Pennsylvania Game Commission staff for putting these recommendations together, to our legislature for us sitting here today and even having this discussion, right? This is a decade or more in the works for us to be able to, to even sit up here and talk about

this. So it's a huge day for that, and a lot of work's gone into getting to where we are.

So for the, you know, for the side of the aisle that says let's go 52 weeks a year, full throttle, just respectfully asking you to pump your brakes a little bit. And for those that say, man, like, I don't like Sunday hunting and I don't think there's any room for it, for them to understand that we hear them too and we're taking a soft, calculated approach and making sure that we do this the right way.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you,

13 Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Mr. Chairman?

PRESIDENT KNICK: Yes.

COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Echo

everything, what Commissioner Koppenhafer said as well as I just want to recognize the internal staff, Steve and Wildlife Management, you know, for this short turnaround. And I interact with hunters as much as anybody does. And quite frankly, I don't think our general hunting public expected anything to be done this year. So, thank you for doing the research. I know you guys and ladies have worked countless hours. So, there'll be a lot of thank

you's to go around, but I think I just want to recognize the work that was done here. So thank you.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Okay.

Thank you, Commissioner. Any more comments? Go ahead.

COMMISSIONER PRIDE: Mr. President, this is Commissioner Pride. Can you hear me?

PRESIDENT KNICK: Yes. Go ahead, Todd.

COMMISSIONER PRIDE: Well one, I apologize for not being able to be there in-person and also want to just kind of reiterate what Steve Smith said regarding this being a historic time.

But I just want to make a point. I share this with Steve and others of you here. As we take this very significant step in expanding the, you know, Sundays that we have and, you know, I'm fully supportive of our biologists and the team that we have in place. But I think as we've all seen over the last 20 years from when Dr. Gary Alt had led, you know, the initiative to expand our antler restrictions, obviously all the things that he went through in those early years to what we I think now see as a very healthy population of bucks. I'm not sure if that's on my end or your end, but.

We also have experienced, obviously, the decline that we have had in hunters participating, and in, you know, certain parts of the state, a good number of parts of the state, we have an overpopulation. So what I'd like to make sure that we have with our staff is the ability to collect, you know, the data that we need in going for, you know, effectively seven days a week or a number of months with continued pressure on, you know, our entire herd. Obviously, we're going to see some impact on, particularly our mature bucks, our mature does with seven days a week. I know there's been some studies regarding the harvest numbers might not change, but we effectively will have more pressure.

And I'd like to make sure that we've got things in place that we can analyze, you know, not just the numbers that we see at the end of the season, but you know, any determination of what the makeup of those numbers are. You know, we're seeing more, you know, younger bucks taken, mature bucks taken, you know, younger does or mature does.

Because there's going to be some impact. So I just want to make sure we've got the data collection, you know, tools in place. And then as we get to the end,

after the season, to be able to have some comparable analysis possibly, you know, other states that have similar characteristics of a deer population.

So, I just want to make that point as

we take this very big step.

DR. SCHNUPP: Mr. President, if I
could?

PRESIDENT KNICK: Yes, sir. Go ahead.

DR. SCHNUPP: Commissioner Pride, unfortunately you're not here because you'll miss half the folks in this room grimace when I say deer aging. Our biologists do a fantastic job of going out every year as well as foresters and other agency staff in support of our annual deer aging. And during that process, we collect anywhere from 23 to 25,000 samples statewide, specifically looking at and addressing your concerns about harvesting antlerless deer as well as antlered deer. So we will certainly continue that process and procedure, and keep tight track of the harvest and modify accordingly.

 $\underline{\text{COMMISSIONER PRIDE:}} \quad \text{Thank you, Matt.}$ Thank you for that.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Any more comments?

COMMISSIONER KOPPENHAFER: One more,
just kind of housekeeping thing. I think it's

important for hunters to understand that as we're rolling this out for this year, we're sticking with kind of our traditional season framework where we're ending a lot of seasons on Saturdays, right? So when you look at stuff like our special firearm season, whether it's for deer or bear, that runs Thursday, Friday, Saturday. And so this year, Sunday, October 26th, for instance, that doesn't mean that that season is an extra day. So I think that's going to be important as far as messaging from us to get out to hunters and very important for hunters to realize that just because it's Sunday doesn't mean that there's an extra day tacked onto every season that's out there.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you,

16 Commissioner. Anything else?

COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Yes, I'd like to say something. I've heard an awful lot of kudos from this bench up here, or this desk, back to all the people that were involved in all these decisions and all the work's been done. But one of the things I think some of us have failed to realize or acknowledge publicly is that there are going to be a lot of people on the other side of this that are in charge of enforcing and all the additional duties

that are going to fall upon them.

And I ask them for their cooperation and understanding, which I know that you have. And I want to tell you how appreciative I am of your willingness to work with us and work through this and help us make this thing a success.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you, Commissioner DiMarco. Commissioner Schwalm.

COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: Wow. What a great day this is, huh? I've never been so excited, I'm like a kid at Christmas. But I would like to say thank you to our legislators and Governor Shapiro and everybody that worked to get us to this point. And I would especially like to thank our staff, our biologists, and Steve for getting this done that we can begin on September 14th. I mean, it's so important that we get this out there and get moving on it.

With all that being said, I would just like to say to all of my fellow hunters out there, let's make this a golden opportunity and do Sunday the way it needs to be done. We need to recruit, we need to reactivate, and we need to retain. We can turn this around. We finally got this in our arsenal. Let's make it happen. Thank you.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you, 1 2 Commissioner Schwalm. Anything else? 3 COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Since we're on 4 thank you's. I'd like to recognize that I'm not an active farmer myself, but the Pennsylvania Farm 5 Bureau as well. So, they were an intimate part of 6 7 the partnership here with the Game Commission. know Steve spent countless hours with the counterparts there and just want to recognize them 10 for a great - great partnership and that we'll have 11 currently and going forward. So, thank you. 12 PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you, 13 Commissioner Foradora. At this time, Mr. Secretary, 14 would you call a vote, please? 15 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: All those in 16 favor of this proposed legislation or amendments, 17 would you please signify by saying are? (AYES RESPOND) 18 19 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those opposed, 20 nay. 21 (NO RESPONSE) 22 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Mr. President, 23 the motion carries. 24 PRESIDENT KNICK: Okay, thank you. ATTORNEY MARTSON: The next item for 25

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consideration can be found on page four of your
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   agendas. To effectively manage the wildlife
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   resources of this Commonwealth, the Commission at its
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   April 12th, 2025 meeting proposed to amend Section
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   147.804 to expand the mentored hunting program to
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   authorize its participants to acquire agricultural
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   deer control harvest permits and snow goose
   conservation permits. Mentored youth and mentored
   adults are currently ineligible to participate in
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   these programs. This amendment is now before the
   Commission for final adoption.
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                   PRESIDENT KNICK: Do I have a motion?
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                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: So moved.
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                   COMMISSIONER FORADORA:
                                           Second.
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                   PRESIDENT KNICK:
                                     Any discussion?
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   None being heard, Mr. Secretary, will you call a
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   vote, please?
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                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those in favor
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   of the proposal, please signify by saying aye.
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   (AYES RESPOND)
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                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO:
                                          Those opposed,
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   nay.
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   (NO RESPONSE)
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                   COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Mr. President,
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   motion carries.
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PRESIDENT KNICK: Okay, thank you. 1 ATTORNEY MARTSON: The next item for 2 3 consideration can be found on page six of your 4 agendas. To effectively manage the wildlife 5 resources of this Commonwealth, the Commission at its 6 April 12th, 2025, meeting proposed to amend Section 7 147.762 to improve accessibility to and the effectiveness of the agricultural damage depredation permit program. This amendment is now before the 10 Commission for final adoption. 11 PRESIDENT KNICK: Do I have a motion? 12 COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: So moved. 13 PRESIDENT KNICK: Second? 14 COMMISSIONER FORADORA: Second. 15 PRESIDENT KNICK: Any discussion? None being heard, Mr. Secretary, would you call a 16 17 vote, please? 18 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those in favor, 19 signify by saying aye. 20 (AYES RESPOND) 21 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Opposed, the 22 same sign. 23 (NO RESPONSE) 24 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Motion carries. ATTORNEY MARTSON: The next item for 25

consideration can be found on page eight of your 1 2 Natural Lands Trust Incorporated is agendas. 3 offering 16.5 more or less acres of land in Buck 4 Township, Luzerne County adjacent to State Game Land Number 91. The option price is \$400 per acre to be 5 paid from the Game Fund as authorized under Section 6 705(a)(1) of the Game and Wildlife Code. Natural Lands' acquisition of the property is contingent upon receiving funding through partnership grants. 10 Covenants, conditions, and restrictions associated with these funding sources will be required to accept 11 12 the property. Access is from Route 115. 13 PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you. Do we have a motion? 14 15 COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: So moved. 16 PRESIDENT KNICK: Second? 17 COMMISSIONER MITRICK: Second. 18 PRESIDENT KNICK: Any discussion? MR. HAYDT: Mr. President? 19 20 PRESIDENT KNICK: Yes. 21 I'd just like to publicly MR. HAYDT: acknowledge Natural Lands Trust for partnering with 22 23 us on this acquisition and getting us to the \$400 per 24 acre price.

PRESIDENT KNICK:

Okay.

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Thank you. Any more comments? 1 None being heard, Mr. Secretary, would you call the vote, 2 3 please? 4 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those in favor, 5 signify by saying aye. (AYES RESPOND) 6 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those opposed, nay. 9 (NO RESPONSE) 10 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Motion carries. 11 PRESIDENT KNICK: Okay, thank you. 12 ATTORNEY MARTSON: The next item for 13 consideration can be found on page ten of your agendas. Lorraine Tatarko is offering 18.5 more or 14 15 less acres of land in Blacklick Township, Cambria 16 County, adjoining State Game Land Number 79 to the Commission in exchange for 3.8 more or less acres of 17 18 State Game Land 79 in Blacklick Township, Cambria County. This exchange is authorized under Section 19 20 723(1) of the Game and Wildlife Code. Commission 21 staff determined the proposed exchange is in the best interest of the Commission as it improves the 22 23 integrity and manageability of SGL 79. Access to the 24 parcel is from Station Road. 25 PRESIDENT KNICK: Do we have a motion?

COMMISSIONER SCHWALM: So moved. 1 2 PRESIDENT KNICK: Do we have a second? 3 COMMISSIONER MITRICK: Second. 4 PRESIDENT KNICK: Any comments, 5 discussion? None being heard, Mr. Secretary, would you call a vote, please? 6 7 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those in favor, signify by saying aye. 9 (AYES RESPOND) 10 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those opposed, 11 nay. 12 (NO RESPONSE) 13 COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Mr. President, the motion carries. 14 15 PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you. ATTORNEY MARTSON: 16 The next item can 17 be found on page 12 of your agendas. On May 15th, 18 2008, the Game Commission, PennDOT, and the Federal 19 Highway Administration entered into a Cooperative 20 Interagency Agreement for Interdepartmental Land 21 Transfer and Establishment of State Game Land Banks. 22 The State Game Land Banking Agreement streamlines 23 transportation development projects by allowing 24 PennDOT Districts to establish the State Game Land 25 Banks in advance of highway projects impacting less

than five acres of State Game Lands. The Agreement expedites the mitigation process whereby impacts can be debited from existing land banks instead of being addressed on a case-by-case basis.

pennDOT agreed to transfer exclusive jurisdiction and control of 22 more or less acres of land located at Hanover Township, Luzerne County to the Commission. The tract was identified as being acceptable for use as a State Game Land Bank Site in accordance with the Agreement. The property, known as the Witinski Bank Site, is an indenture to State Game Land Number 207. Both Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats show a potential presence on the property.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Do we have a motion?

COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: So moved.

PRESIDENT KNICK:
Do we have a second?

COMMISSIONER SCHWALM:

PRESIDENT KNICK: Any discussion?

COMMISSIONER MITRICK: I have a

question. Is that an interstate highway there? Is that what that is or?

MR. HAYDT: Yes, that's Interstate 81.

COMMISSIONER MITRICK: It is 81?

MR. HAYDT: Yep. Yeah, I'd also like

to thank, you know, PennDOT for working with us on this acquisition, or this transfer I should say, and getting us a piece of ground that we're, like, especially interested in adjoining State Game Lands 207. And again, with the potential for bat habitat on that property. So, it's kind of a win-win for both agencies.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Any other discussion or comments? None being heard, Mr. Secretary, would you call a vote, please?

COMMISSIONER DIMARCO: Those in favor, signify by saying aye.

13 (AYES RESPOND)

14 <u>COMMISSIONER DIMARCO:</u> Those opposed,

15 nay.

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16 (NO RESPONSE)

17 <u>COMMISSIONER DIMARCO:</u> Mr. President,
18 motion carries.

ATTORNEY MARTSON: The next and final item for your consideration can be found on page 14 of your agendas. On June 11th, 2025, the Commission approved by notational vote, a legal settlement affecting the boundary line of State Game Land Number 44. Mark Larson and Laurie Snickles currently own Horton City Lots 148 and 177, Horton Township, Elk

County, adjacent to SGL 44 as shown on the attached Exhibit 4. Each lot comprises one-quarter acre more or less of land. The Commission acquired the lands surrounding Lots 148 and 177 in 2008, giving rise to a boundary line dispute. The parties wish to resolve the matter by way of an exchange to establish an agreed-upon, shared boundary. The lands at issue are within a safety zone.

The Executive Director and Staff recommended the agreed-upon boundary line be accepted and the Commission authorized the Bureau of Wildlife Habitat Management and Chief Counsel's Office to proceed with settlement of this dispute.

This is an informational item only. Therefore, no further action is required.

PRESIDENT KNICK: Thank you. With our agenda ending, I'd like to say a few words.

On behalf of the Board of Game

Commissioners, I would like to extend our sincere

thanks and appreciation to everyone who helped to get

Sunday hunting legislation signed into law. This

bipartisan issue and the bill received support from

both Democrats and Republicans in the House and the

Senate before being sent to Governor Josh Shapiro,

and signed as Act 36 of 2025.

specifically thank the following people.

Representative Mandy Steele, Senator Dan Laughlin,
House and Game Fisheries Committee Chair Anita Kulik,
Senate Game and Fish Committee Chair Greg Rothman,
Senate Game and Fish Committee Chair James Malone,
former Senate Game and Fish Committee Chair Jim
Brewster. We also sincerely thankful for Governor
Josh Shapiro's support for this historic new law to
provide freedom and opportunity to all of our
hunters. Thank you, Governor, for making this day
possible.

Thank you again to all the individuals as well as the hunters and the groups who work right alongside the agency to make this historic law a reality, and current and future generations of Pennsylvania hunters.

And on one more note, I would like to thank the Board of Commissioners and the past Board of Commissioners for seeing and pushing Sunday hunting. And above all, I'd like to thank our Executive Director Steve Smith and staff for all their hard work to get this done. I thank everybody involved in every group. Thank you very much. This was a group effort, and a great thing.

Do we have any more comments or any new business? None being heard, meeting is adjourned. MEETING CONCLUDED AT 2:17 P.M.

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings, a meeting held before Chairman Knick, was reported by me on 7/28/25 and that I, Derek Richmond, read this transcript, and that I attest that this transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceeding.

Date the 14th day of August, 2025

Derek Richmond,

Court Reporter