## 2025 Animal Health Requirements and Recommendations for Animal Exhibition

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Regulations and Compliance Chief



### Overview

- Contact Information
- Animal Exhibition Sanitation Act
- Disease and species-specific information
- Major changes for 2025
  - Cattle ID requirements
  - HPAI in dairy cattle
  - Coggins testing requirement
  - Poultry exhibition



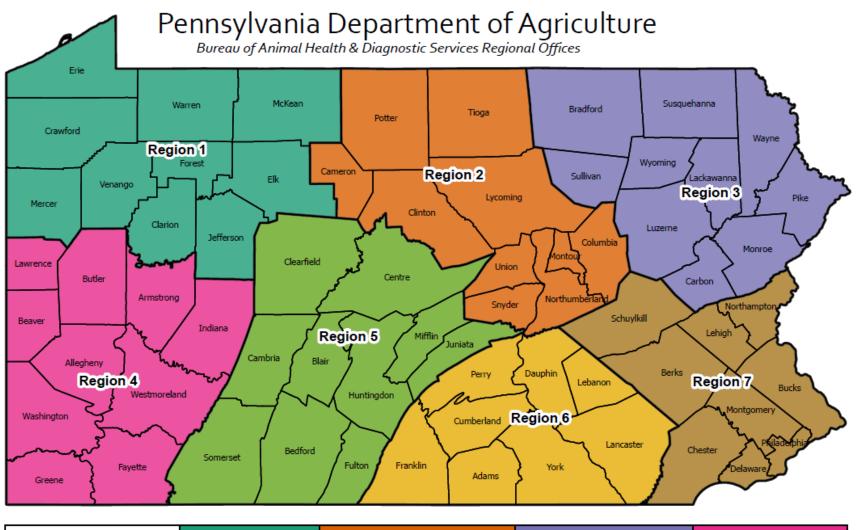


### **BAHDS Mission:**

To protect Pennsylvania's animal agriculture by preventing, detecting and eradicating dangerous transmissible animal diseases, promoting biosecurity and animal health programs, and ensuring compliance with animal health laws and regulations.







#### PA Department of Agriculture BAHDS

2301 N Cameron St Harrisburg PA 17110 (717) 772-2852 www.agriculture.pa.gov

#### Region 1

Dr. Heather Palm 13410 Dunham Rd Meadville, PA 16335 (814) 332-6890 RA-AGAHR1(@pa.gov

#### Region 2

VMFO Vacant 542 County Farm Rd, Suite #102 Montoursville, PA 17754 (570) 433-2640 RA-AGAHR2 @pa.gov

#### Region 3

VMFO vacant No office address (570) 836-2181 RA-AGAHR3@pa.gov

#### Region 4

Dr. Jeff Bissett 226 Donohoe Rd Greensburg, PA 15601 (724) 832-1073 RA-AGAHR4 @pa.gov

#### Region 5

Dr. Hayley Springer (DEP District Office) 3001 Fairway Dr Altoona, PA 16602 (717) 705-5500 RA-AGAHR5@pa.gov

#### Region 6

2301 N Cameron St, Room 403 Harrisburg, PA 17110 (717) 346-3223 RA-AGAHR6@pa.gov

#### Region 7

VMFO vacant 1015 Bridge St, Suite #100 Collegeville, PA 19426 (610) 489-1003 RA-AGAHR7@pa.gov



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ANIMALS

## Bureau of Animal Health and Diagnostic Services (BAHDS)

#### 

#### What We Do

The Bureau of Animal Health and Diagnostic Services (BAHDS) is responsible for controlling and eradicating diseases in livestock and poultry. This mission is critical since these diseases have the potential to impact human health and cause significant economic loss to farmers and the commonwealth. In addition, BAHDS administers regulatory programs for animal health certification, containment of diseased animals and elimination of disease agents.

Pennsylvania is also home to a tri-partite animal health laboratory system called the Pennsylvania Animal Diagnostic Laboratory System, or PADLS. PADLS connects the Pennsylvania Veterinary Laboratory (PVL) in Harrisburg, Penn State University's Animal Diagnostic Laboratory (ADL) and the University of Pennsylvania School of Veterinary Medicine's New Bolton Center to provide laboratory testing, field-based monitoring and producer outreach, all with a focus on protecting our citizens, our food supply and

#### Contact information:

- Best option is your regional Veterinary Medical Field Officer
- General contact:
- 717-772-2852, option 2
- RA-BAHDS@pa.gov

#### Contact Information

RA-ahds@pa.gov 717-772-2852

Regional Map

### Animal Exhibition Sanitation Law

- Applies to all state funded fairs
- Requirements
  - Adequate hand cleansing facilities
  - Signage encouraging handwashing after touching the animals and indicating the location of hand cleansing facilities
  - VCPR for all exhibited animals
- Purpose: Minimize risk of zoonotic disease transmission





### Many Animal Diseases are Zoonotic







Orf virus infection on the hand of a person with a weak immune system.



### **Animal Exhibition Sanitation Law**



- Wash your hands before and after visiting animal areas
- Avoid eating or drinking in animal areas

Keep Yourself and Our Animals Healthy



Posters available from PDA



### Animal Health Requirements vs Recommendations

**Requirements** = Criteria that **must be met** according to state or federal laws or regulations for that animal to be exhibited

**Recommendations** = Criteria based on best practices and scientific judgement that PDA believes **should be met** to prevent the introduction and spread of contagious diseases, but are **not** enforceable by any state or federal law or regulation



### Commercial Animal Exhibits

- Petting Zoos
- Pony Rides
- Rodeo Animals
- Exotic Animals
- Racing Animals
  - Horses, pigs, ducks, etc.

ALL of these animals must meet the same health requirements as 4-H and Open Show animals

**AND** 

the same biosecurity measures should be observed



### Certificates of Veterinary Inspection

- Must meet federal standards
  - Animals must be inspected within 10 days of issue
  - Valid for 30 days after date of inspection
  - Single destination
- Animals must be healthy at time of inspection
- Copies must be submitted to the Bureau
- Veterinarians are encouraged to use electronic CVI applications



Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture
Bureau of Animal Health & Dignostic Services
2301 North Cameron Street

#### CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION

Certificate #: \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIES (CHECK ONE)

Bovine Camelid

Equine Caprine

Porcine Canine

Harrisbu	irg, PA 1/110								Equite	Caprille
Entry P	ermit#:	Inspe	ction Date:		Shipment Date:	Total # of Anir	nals:		Porcine	Canine
CONSIGNOR – CONTACT PERSON AT ORIGIN				CONSIGNEE - CON		CARRIER (TRANSPORTER)				
Name:				Name:		Business:				
Busine	ss:			Business:	Physical Addre	Physical Address:				
Animal	Address:			Animal Address:						
					Phone #:	Phone #:				
Phone:				Phone-	Transport Met	Transport Method:				
Consign	nor's Address:			Con _nee _ ddress:		Purpose of Mo	vement:			
						Intersta	ite Movemen	t	Intrastate N	Лovement
	DISEASE CER	TIFICATIO	N STATEM	IE, 'C	FLOCK/HERD ACCRE	DITED FREE FOR		CURRE	NT STATE / AR	EA STATUS
					Herd/Flock/Premise # Brucello	0000000		Tubercu		
					Tubercu Other:	losis Scrapie	CWD	Other:	sis:	
				VETERINARY CERTIFIER					A / AGENT STAT	CENTENIT
"I certifi	as an accredited veterinarian that	the animals	described in		d by 2 and the hey ar not showing signs of	infectious contagious	and/or "		ls in this shipmer	
commu	nicable disease (except where noted)	. The vaccin	ations and re	sults of tests are indicated in the d	ertificate. To & best of y knowledge, the an			ertified to a	and listed in this	certificate.
meet the state of destination and federal interstate requirements. No furth Signature: Address:				further warranty is made or impl	ed." City:	State: Z	ip: D	ate:		
Signature: Address:								ignature:		
Date:	Date: USDA Accreditation: License / State #: Phone: Er /:									
ROW	POW PREED SEV ACE OFFICIAL ID COTUEN		OFFICIAL ID / OTHER ID	TEST RESULTS	DATE	VACCIN	ATIONS / TR	EATMENTS ADMIN	IISTERED	
KOW	BREED	SEX	AGE	OFFICIAL ID / OTHER ID	TEST RESOLTS	DATE	1	TREATMEN	T/VACC	DATE

### Veterinary-Client-Patient-Relationship Form

- Updated for 2025
- Fulfills requirements of Animal Exhibition Sanitation Law
- Allows verification of animal ID and applicable vaccinations and testing
- Must be signed by a veterinarian





#### Veterinarian Client Patient Relationship (VCPR) Verification Form

Part 1 to be complete	d by the owner	or caretaker o	f the animal(s)
-----------------------	----------------	----------------	-----------------

I, the undersigned, hereby verify the following:

1	I am the owner	or caretaker of the	animal(e) lieted	Llse additional	sheets as necessary
	. I am the owner	or caretaker of the	e animaits) listed.	use additional	sneets as necessary

Official Animal ID/Other ID (list all IDs, including name*)	Breed	Sex	Age	Species	Vaccines/Tests (include name of test or product, date, results, etc.)

<sup>\*</sup>If the animal has no official ID, please include a description, including color and all markings.

<ol><li>I have an established, ongoing '</li></ol>	veterinarian client patient relationship	" for the animal(s) described in
the preceding paragraph with		

	(print veterinarian's name)
a licensed practitioner of veterinary medicine having the following business a	address:

- 3. I understand this ongoing "veterinarian client patient relationship" to be a relationship in which the veterinarian named above has assumed the responsibility for making veterinary medical judgments regarding the health of the animal(s) listed and the need for veterinary medical treatment of said animal(s), and in which I, as owner and/or caretaker of the animal(s), have agreed to follow the instructions of the veterinarian in relation to zoonotic diseases.
- 4. I attest and affirm that a "veterinarian client patient relationship" as that phrase is defined in the Veterinary Medical Practice Act and any amendments thereto "exists with regards to the animals I will be exhibiting."

I verify the foregoing to be accurate. I make the foregoing statement subject to the penalties of 18 Pa.C.S.A. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities). In witness of this, I have signed and dated this

Page 1 of 2

Bureau of Animal Health & Diagnostic Services 2301 N. Cameron St. | Harrisburg, PA 17110-9408 | Ste. 412 | 717.772.2852 | www.agriculture.pa.gov



verification below. If the owner/caretaker is under 18 years of age, the signature of a parent/guardian is required

required.		
Printed Name of Owner/Caretaker	Signature of Owner/Caretaker	Date
Address of Owner/Caretaker		
Phone number of Owner/Caretaker		
If the Owner/Caretaker is under 18 years of	f age the signature of a parent/guard	ian is required:
Printed Name of Parent/Guardian	Signature of Parent/Guardian	Date
Address of Parent/Guardian		
Phone number of Parent/Guardian		
Part 2 to be completed by the veterinarian:		
I, the undersigned, hereby verify that I have identified on this form.	e a VCPR as defined below with the a	animal(s) and owner/caretaker
Veterinarian-client-patient-relationsh a relationship satisfying all of the follow making veterinary medical judgments retreatment, and the client, owner or care veterinarian; (ii) the veterinarian has su preliminary or tentative diagnosis of the with the keeping and care of the animal and timely visits to the premises where in cases of adverse reactions to or failu on the animal examined in accordance	ing conditions: (i) the veterinarian has egarding the health of an animal and taker of the animal has agreed to foll fficient knowledge of the animal to ini medical condition of the animal; (iii) by virtue of an examination of the ar the animal is kept; (iv) the veterinaris re of the regimen of therapy; (v) the	s assumed the responsibility for the need for veterinary medical ow the instructions of the itiate at least a general, the veterinarian is acquainted himal or medically appropriate an is available for consultation veterinarian maintains records
Printed Name of Veterinarian	Signature of Veterinarian	Date
Phone number of Veterinarian	Practice Name	License number
This form shall be valid for no more than or should be retained by the owner/caretaker,		e by the veterinarian. Copies

Page 2 of 2

### Official Identification

- Metal NUES tags
  - No longer valid for cattle after Nov. 5, 2024
- 840 tags





- Scrapie tags
- Official ID must be recorded on CVI









### Additional PA Farm Show Complex Requirements

- 15 digit 840 ISO compliant RFID tag
  - Cattle
  - Sheep and Goats
  - Swine
- Rabies vaccination with certificate
  - Cattle
  - Horses
  - Sheep
  - Dogs
  - Camelids, goats, swine not required at discretion of the exhibitor's vet (any animal in which there is no rabies vaccine product labeled for use)





### Biosecurity Guidelines

- Best practices to minimize disease risk
  - For Exhibition Managers
  - For Exhibitors
- Handouts can be distributed







### Biosecurity is Vital

### Include dairy cows and milking equipment



#### **Biosecurity Guidelines for Exhibition Managers**

2025

Many diseases of animals can be spread easily through direct contact between animals, through sharing of equipment, and through the air. People can also spread disease on their hands, clothing, and footwear.

According to the CDC, about 60% of known infectious diseases in people can be spread from animals, about 75% new or emerging infectious diseases in people come from animals.

There are four important goals of an effective biosecurity plan:

- 1. Protect animals from disease,
- 2. Protect exhibitors from disease, and
- 3. Protect the public from disease
- 4. Allow the show to continue with minimal interruption due to animal disease.

Animal exhibitions/shows can lead to an increased risk of disease spread between animals, for several reasons—animals from multiple places congregate at these locations; animals are often stressed from being transported and from all the unusual sights and sounds at the show; and they may be exposed to animals with inapparent health issues.

For this reason, all show managers and exhibitors should have standard biosecurity protocols in place, to include:

#### Show Managers-At the Show:

#### Animals

- Make arrangements with a veterinarian in advance to oversee animal health for the event, and to be on call to respond to any concerns, including animal health emergencies.
- Ensure the Animal Health requirements are publicized and clearly stated. Requirements should be as stringent as possible.
- Ensure that all animals meet the requirements before entry. Require that animals arrive only during specified check-in times with appropriately trained inspectors there to check paperwork.
- Have appropriately trained inspectors monitor the health of the animals throughout the event (this
  includes swine health monitors).
- 5. Contact the show veterinarian with any animal health concerns. The Department of Agriculture should be contacted if an inspector or veterinarian suspects a reportable disease. Designated caretakers should be assigned to these animals until it is determined that they may be moved back to the farm of origin.
- 6. Waterfowl for exhibit should be kept separate and apart from other poultry in a biosecure manner.

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#### KEEPING YOUR SHOW ANIMALS HEALTHY-BIOSECURITY GUIDELINES FOR EXHIBITORS-2025

A show can be stressful for your animals. Transportation, unfamiliar housing, new sources of water, new noises, being around different animals, etc. can all cause stress. Stress causes physical changes in their bodies, and their immune systems can be affected, making them more susceptible to becoming sick and spreading disease to other animals. You need to be proactive to protect your animals. The following guidelines can be used to help you do this.

#### BEFORE THE SHOW

#### Keep your animals healthy:

- Have your animals checked on at least an annual basis by a veterinarian, and contact your veterinarian anytime you think an animal is acting "off". You know your animals better than
- Check the animal health requirements and recommendations of the show so you are prepared.
- Follow your veterinarian's recommendations for vaccinations for each animal. Vaccinate far enough in advance so your animals are protected before the show and maintain records of any vaccinations and testing done prior to the show.

#### Biosecurity is critical:

- Biosecurity is defined as procedures intended to protect animals or people against disease.
- If your animals are showing signs of illness, or have been exposed to sick animals, keep them
  home and call your veterinarian.
- If you raise multiple species of poultry, it is recommended that waterfowl are kept separate and apart from other poultry in a biosecure manner.
- . Before the show, make sure the truck and trailer are visibly clean and sanitary.
- Before packing up for the show, make sure your tack box and any equipment has been cleaned and disinfected.
- Take only clean tack and equipment to the show.

#### DURING THE SHOW

- . Keep your animals' stalls or pens clean and dry, and dispose of manure in the proper location.
- Monitor your animals closely for any signs of illness and report any concerns to the show manager or veterinarian.
- · Keep your animals cool to avoid overheating.
- Maintain good ventilation in the stall or pen—use fans placed outside of the animals' reach if necessary and if allowed by the show management.
- · Avoid nose-to-nose contact between your animals and other exhibitors' animals.
- Don't share equipment, feed or water buckets, or tack with other exhibitors.
- Don't use shared equipment in a wash area or milking area, and try to keep your animals from touching walls or tie chains that other animals have touched.
- · Always keep clean, fresh water available to your animals.
- Keep dust to a minimum.
- · Prevent the public and other exhibitors from touching or feeding your animals.
- . Wash or sanitize your hands frequently, to protect your animals and for your own safety.
- · Avoid eating or drinking in the animal area.

#### AFTER THE SHOW

- Isolate any animals that were at the show from the rest of your animals at home for at least 2 weeks for livestock and 3 weeks for poultry, and watch them carefully for any signs of illness.
- Care for the animals that were at the show after you care for the other animals, and always wear clean clothing and shoes or boots to care for the other animals.
- Don't share equipment between the animal groups during the isolation period



### Who has the authority to turn these animals away?

- Fairs should have designated staff to check animals in
- A holding pen out of public contact is recommended
- Fairs have the authority to turn away animals with signs of disease



(Image source Catlett animal Hospital)



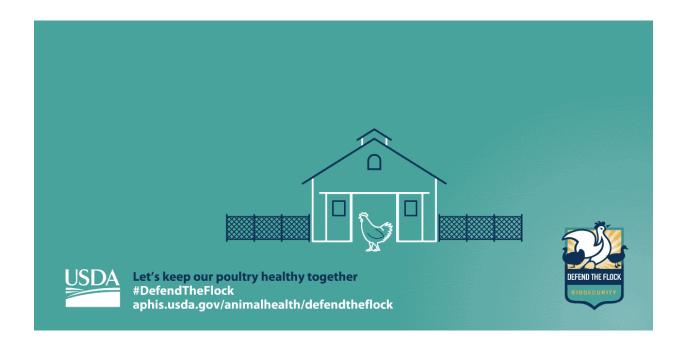


(Image Source: California Department of Food and Agriculture)



### Disease reporting is mandatory

- Fairs should involve their accredited veterinarian
- Signs of dangerous transmissible diseases must be reported to the Department of Agriculture
  - 717-772-2852, option 1 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)





# Disease specific information and requirements



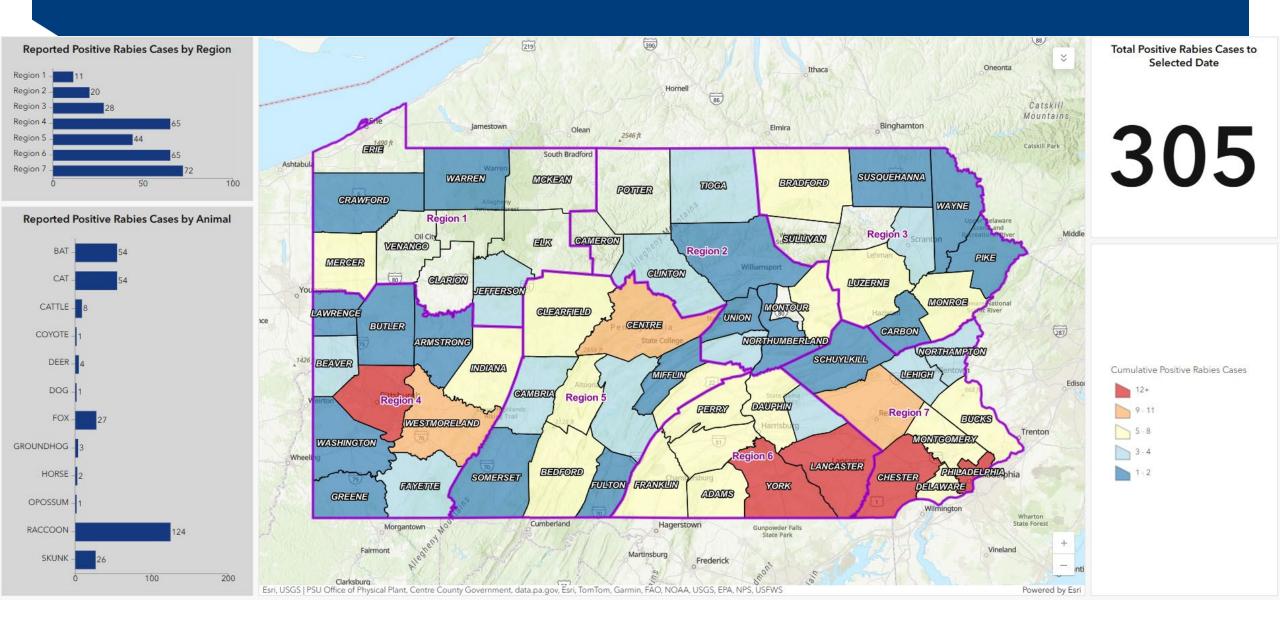


### Rabies Vaccination

- Rabies vaccination is required for dogs
- Rabies vaccines are licensed for use in sheep, cattle, and horses
- Recommended for all other species
- Required at the PA Farm Show Complex

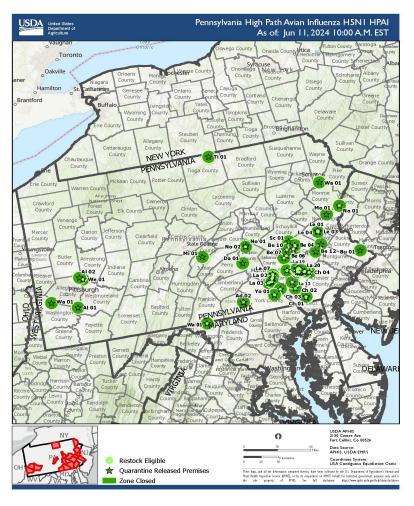






### Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

- Ongoing outbreak in poultry since 2022
  - Pennsylvania:
    - 73 premises
    - 4.7 million birds
    - 19 counties
    - No dairy cattle affected to date
  - Nationwide
    - All 50 states have been affected
    - 1431 premises, 130 million birds impacted
    - In last 30 days, 15.2 million birds impacted





### Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

- Signs in poultry
  - Sudden death
  - Lack of energy and appetite
  - A drop in egg production or soft-shelled, misshapen eggs
  - Swelling of the eyelids, comb, wattles, and shanks
  - Purple discoloration of the wattles, comb, and legs
  - Gasping for air (difficulty breathing)
  - Nasal discharge, coughing, sneezing
  - Neurologic signs
  - Diarrhea





### HPAI in Dairy Cattle

- Newly emerging disease:
  - Over 900 cases in 16 states
    - No cases in PA to date
  - No concerns about food safety of pasteurized milk or meat
  - Sequencing and epidemiologic data suggest a single spillover event in late 2023
  - Spreads rapidly on a farm and spreads between farm through movement of animals, people, and equipment
  - Virus can spread back to poultry farms





### Vesicular Stomatitis

- Statement required on CVI for out of state animals (equines and all cloven hooved animals) from a state with a case in the last 12 months
- Currently, no states have had a case in the last 12 months





### Tuberculosis testing requirements

- Goats, camelids, and cattle must be tested within 60 days if coming from a modified accredited state and have had a negative herd test within the last 60 days
  - Currently only Michigan
- Additional requirements for rodeo cattle: All rodeo cattle and bison from out of state shall be negative on an official tuberculosis test within 60 days prior to entering Pennsylvania unless they originate from and are members of an Accredited Tuberculosis-free herd within an accredited Tuberculosis-free state or zone. This requirement for rodeo cattle from out-of-state is in addition to all other requirements listed above for out-of-state cattle.
- Additional requirements for captive cervids







### African Swine Fever

- Highly contagious
- Economically devastating
- No vaccine or treatment
- Can persist in the environment
- Main disease of concern behind swine exhibition regulations

#### • Signs:

- High fever
- Decreased appetite and weakness
- Red, blotchy skin or skin lesions
- Diarrhea, vomiting, or both
- Coughing and difficulty breathing
- Abortions or sudden death







# Species-Specific Requirements





### Camelids

- PA Requirements
  - Verification of VCPR
  - Free of infectious/contagious disease
- Out of state requirements:
  - CVI with statement of free of evidence of infectious/contagious disease
  - Official individual ID: NUES, AIN (840), ISO compliant 15-digit microchip (with reader)
  - Tuberculosis testing
- Recommendation
  - Extra-label use of rabies vaccination should be discussed with exhibitor's veterinarian
  - Official ID recommended for PA animals





### Cattle - General requirements

- Prohibition of dairy cattle from influenza positive, suspect, or highrisk farms:
  - Dairy cattle from a farm showing signs of H5N1 influenza may not be exhibited
  - Dairy cattle from a farm that has tested positive for H5N1 influenza (in dairy cattle or domestic birds) may not be exhibited

• Dairy cattle from a farm located within 3 km of a positive farm may not be

exhibited





### Pennsylvania Cattle

- Requirements
  - Verification of a VCPR
  - Free of infectious/contagious disease
  - Official identification
    - NUES tag if applied prior to Nov. 5, 2024
    - 840 RFID tag
    - Brands or tattoos accepted, but RFID tags preferred
  - Influenza testing applicable only to dairy cattle if there is a positive case in PA
- Recommendations
  - Rabies vaccine





### Out of state cattle

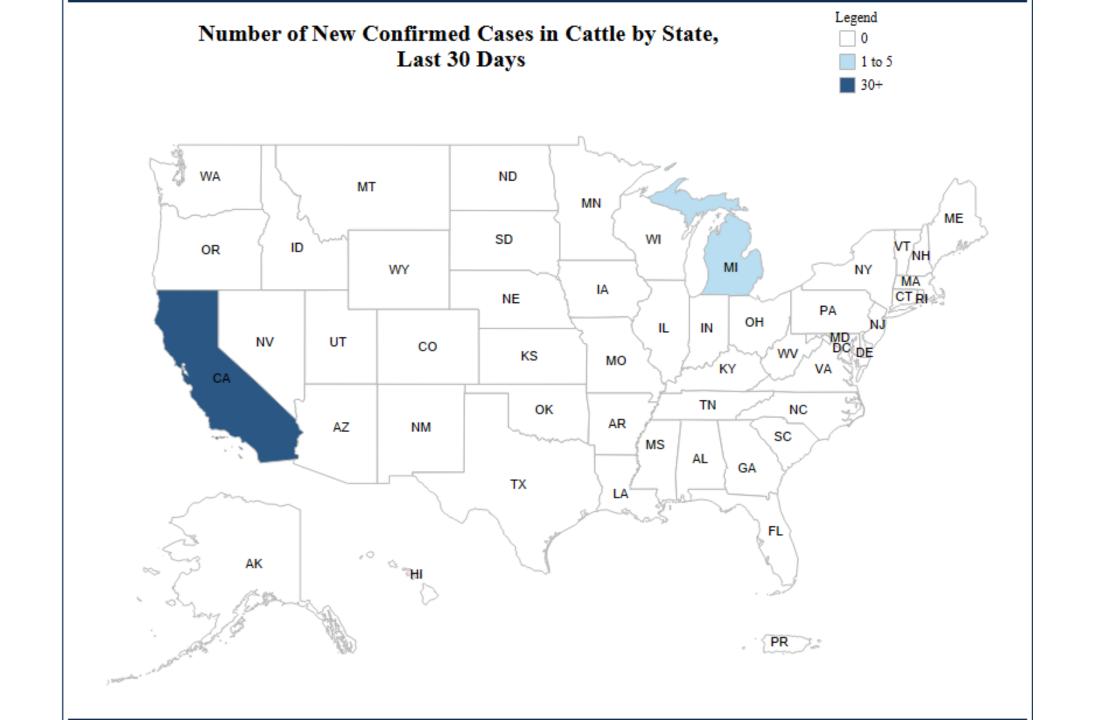
- Requirements
  - CVI with statement of free of evidence of infectious/contagious disease
  - Official identification
    - NUES tag if applied prior to Nov. 5, 2024
    - 840 RFID tag
    - Brands or tattoos accepted, but RFID tags preferred
  - Influenza A testing requirements for dairy cattle
  - Tuberculosis testing requirements
- Recommendations
  - Rabies vaccination



### Influenza testing for cattle

- Testing required for:
  - Lactating dairy cattle from out of state (milk sample)
  - Non-lactating dairy cattle >18 months from a positive state (nasal swab)
  - Lactating dairy cattle from PA if there is a positive case (milk sample)
  - Non-lactating dairy cattle >18 months from PA if there is a positive case (nasal swab)
- Sample must be collected within 7 days of show
- Tested at an accredited lab
- Test results must accompany animal
- Exception: Herds enrolled in weekly, voluntary testing program do not need to test individual cattle





## Cervids: CWD Susceptible Species

- In State Requirements:
  - Verification of a VCRP
  - Individual official ID
  - Free of infectious/contagious disease
- Acceptable official ID:
  - Metal NUES tag
  - 840 series 15-digit ear tag (including RFIDs)
  - 840 series 15-digit microchip
  - Premises ID number with individual numbering





# Cervids: CWD Susceptible Species

- Out of State Requirements:
  - Two forms of individual ID
    - Individual official ID
    - Second form of official ID or individual ID unique within the herd that is linked to the CWD database
  - An import permit
  - CVI:
    - Confirming from a CWD Certified herd
    - VS statement and free of evidence of infectious/contagious disease
    - Tuberculosis testing
    - Brucellosis testing





## Dogs

- In state requirements:
  - Proof of current rabies vaccination for dogs 12 weeks and older
    - Rabies certificate (or copy)
- Out of state requirements:
  - Proof of current rabies vaccination for dogs 12 weeks and older
    - Rabies certificate (or copy)
  - CVI is not required if entering PA for exhibition for 30 days or less
    - Dog must have a collar with name plate
    - Otherwise, CVI is required
  - Special note: APHIS form 7001 is not acceptable
- Recommendations
  - Exhibition of dogs less than 12 weeks of age is not recommended
  - Identification, including a microchip, recommended for all dogs





# APHIS Form 7001 is not acceptable

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of	of 1995, an agency may not cond	luct or sp	onsor, an	d a person is not req	uired to respond to, a co	election of No dog, cat, nonhuman prima				OMB APPROVED
information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control numbers for this information collection the time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average .13 to .25 hours per response, including					g the time for reviewing in	579-0036. USDA regulations shall be deli- structions, in commerce unless accompan	ied by a health	certificate execute	d and issued by a licensed	0579-0020 0579-0036
searching existing data sources, gathering and	d maintaining the data needed, and	completi	ng and rev	viewing the collection of		veterinarian (7 U.S.C. 21.43.9;	CFR, Subchapt			
WARNING: Anyone who makes  LINITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUITURE  a false, ficitious, or fraudulent				AL SHIPPED (select one only)		2. CERTIFICA	ATE NUMBER - OFFICIA	L USE ONLY		
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE			ment on t	this document, or	Dog Cat	Other				
uses s			uses such document knowing it to be false, fictitious, or		Nonhuman Pr	imate Ferret Rodent				
UNITED STATES INTERSTATE		fraud	ulent ma	y be subject to a	_					
CERTIFICATE OF HEALTH EXAMINATION FOR SMALL ANIMALS				re than \$10,000 or of not more than 5	3. TOTAL NUMBE	R OF ANIMALS		4. PAGE		
FOR SMALL ANIMALS				(18 U.S.C. 1001).	RTMENT					
5. NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHO	ONE NUMBER OF OWNER (C	CONSIG	NOR)	98 0	6. NAME, ADDRES	SS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF	RECIPIENT A	AT DESTINATION	ON (CONSIGNEE)	
The state of the s										
USDA License/or Registration Number	(if applicable)									
7.	ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION					8. PERTINENT VACCINATIO	N, TREATME	NT, AND TEST	ING HISTORY	
NAME, AND/OR TATTOO NUMBER  BREED - COMMO		AGE SE		COLOR OR DISTINCTIVE		BIES VACCINATION	١,		ER VACCINATIONS, IND/OR TESTS AND RES	SULTS
OR OTHER IDENTIFICATION	NAME	AGE	JEA	MARKS OR MICROCHIP	1 YEAR 2	YEARS 3 YEARS		THE THE TITLE OF THE TEE		
				MICROCHIP	Vaccination Date	Product	Date		Product Type and/or Res	ults
(1)										
(2)										
(3)										
(4)										
(5)										
(6)										
9. REMARKS OR ADDITIONAL CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS (WHEN REQUIRED)					VETERINARY CERTIFICATION: I certify that the animals described in box 7 have been examined by me this date, that the information provided in box 8 is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, and that the following findings have been made ("X" applicable statements).					
					I have verified the presence of the microchip, if a microchip is listed in box 7.					
					I certify that the animal(s) described above and on continuation sheet(s), if applicable, have been inspected by me on this date and appear to be free of any infectious or contagious diseases and to the best of my knowledge, exposure thereto, which would endanger the animals or other animals or would endanger oublic health.					
					To my knowledge, the animal(s) described above and on continuation sheet(s) if applicable, originated from an area not quarantined for rabies and has/have not been excessed to rabies.					
ENDORSEMENT FOR INTERNATIONAL EXPORT (IF NEEDED)						AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF ISS	UING VETER	RINARIAN	LICENSE NUMBER AN	ID STATE
PRINTED NAME OF USDA VETERINARIAN					,					
									Accredited Yes	No
									If yes, please complete	below
SIGNATURE OF USDA VETERINARIA	AN Apply USDA Seal or S	Ctame b	oro	DATE		shipments may require certification by an SUING VETERINARIAN	accredited vet	erinarian.		DATE
SIGNATURE OF USDA VETERINARIA	AN Apply USDA Seal or	samp fi	ere	DATE	SIGNATURE OF IS	SUING VETERINARIAN				DATE

APHIS Form 7001 (NOV 2010)

This certificate is valid for 30 days after issuance

# Equine

- Pennsylvania Equines
  - Negative Coggins test within 12 months
  - Verification of a VCPR
- Out of state equines
  - CVI with statement of free of evidence of infectious/contagious disease
  - Negative Coggins test within 12 months
  - If the equine has resided in TX or NM for 30 days or more within the past six months, that animal must be test-negative for Babesia caballi and Theilleria equi
- Recommendation
  - Rabies vaccination
  - Permanent identification, including a microchip, tattoo, or brand





# Sheep and Goats

- In State Requirements:
  - Verification of a VCPR
  - Free of infectious/contagious disease
  - Official ID
- Out of State Requirements
  - CVI with VS statement and free of evidence of infectious/contagious disease
  - Individual ID
  - TB testing requirements for goats only
- Recommendations
  - Sheep rabies vaccination
  - Goats Extra-label use of rabies vaccination should be discussed with exhibitor's veterinarian





#### Sheep and Goat Identification Requirements

- All sheep and goats must have some official form of ID linking that animal to its farm of origin. Acceptable forms:
  - Scrapie program tags
  - Metal NUES tags
  - 840 series 15-digit tags, including RFIDs tags
  - Must have US shield













# \*Except blue meat tags

 These tags are for slaughteronly animals and are not acceptable for exhibition





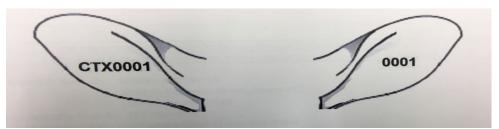






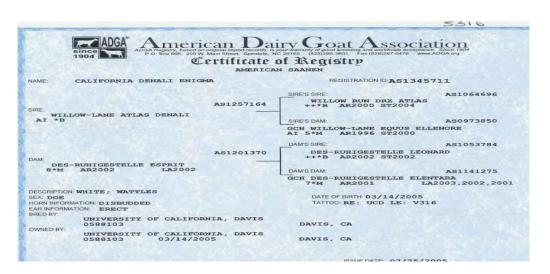
#### Sheep and Goat Identification Requirements

Scrapie Flock Tattoo with Individual ID



Registry Tattoo- Only if legible AND with papers accompany animal







#### Sheep and Goat Identification Requirements

- Must be permanently affixed
  - A tag on a collar is not acceptable
- Tags with US shields may not be removed without special permissions or defaced.









### Post exhibition sales requirements

- Market sheep and goats must be documented on sales slips that include:
  - Official identification
  - Sale date
  - Sale location
  - Name, address, and phone number of the exhibitor
  - Hauler contact information
  - Destination name and contact information
  - Total number of animals in the shipment
  - Type of sheep or goat (i.e., meat, dairy, specific breed)
  - For sheep, face color
  - Signature of consignee, agent, or hauler
- Sales slips must follow the goats to their destination (including slaughter facilities)
- Keep records for 5 years



# Avian Exhibition Requirements

- Requirements are the same for in and out of state
- Avian influenza testing
  - Must be a representative flock test of 30 birds (not just the birds going to the show)
  - Must be collected by a CPT or accredited veterinarian
  - Within 14 days of entry
  - Waterfowl PCR testing on cloacal swabs
  - Other birds PCR testing on oropharyngeal swabs or blood test (AGID)





# Definition of Poultry & Non-Poultry

#### • Poultry:

All birds reared or kept in captivity for the production of any commercial animal products or for breeding for this purpose, fighting cocks used for any purpose, and all birds used for restocking supplies of game or for breeding for this purpose, until they are released from captivity.

#### • Non-Poultry:

- Birds that are kept in a single household, the products of which are used within the same household exclusively, if no direct or indirect contact with poultry or poultry facilities.
- Birds that are kept in captivity for shows, racing, exhibitions, zoological collections, and competitions, and for breeding or selling for these purposes, as well as pet birds, if no direct or indirect contact with poultry or poultry facilities.
  - Includes NPIP flocks on Subpart E (hobby type hatcheries). It's understood hatching eggs and chicks may be sold from these NPIP flocks, but they still qualify as non-poultry if they are exhibition-type breeds, the sales are to add to or create other exhibition type flocks, and there is no contact with birds defined as poultry.
  - However, if exhibition type birds or eggs are sold for human consumption, any advertising of this or sales within the past 2 weeks before a show causes these flocks to be classified as POULTRY.



#### Birds and Products Allowed

- Market Birds
- Non-Poultry
- Hatchling Educational Displays
- Unfertilized and Fertilized Eggs
- Ornamental feathers
- Feathers for arts and crafts





#### Health Certification

- Certificate of Veterinary Inspection (CVI) from a Category II Accredited
   Veterinarian
  - Valid for 30 days after inspection
  - Valid for only one destination
  - Must also have biosecurity statement from the owner
- Owner Endorsed Avian Health Certificate and Biosecurity Statement





#### OWNER ENDORSED AVIAN HEALTH CERTIFICATE AND BIOSECURITY STATEMENT

**Introduction:** Highly pathogenic avian influenza is a fatal and contagious disease of poultry and has led to the loss of more than 100 million birds in the United States since 2022. The virus causing this disease can be spread by infected wild and domestic birds, on products such as feathers and eggs, on clothing, vehicles, equipment, and other fomites such as packing materials, and through the air. However, if all protocols for reducing the risk of spreading disease are followed, market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers may be exhibited or displayed, in accordance with the standards established under the Department's *General Quarantine Order*; 2025 Exhibition of Market Birds, Non-Poultry, Hatchlings, Feathers, and Eggs.

A completed *Owner Endorsed Avian Health Certificate and Biosecurity Statement* must accompany market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers, to a Pennsylvania Venue or Fair within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which is sponsored by or receives funding from the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture pursuant to the Pennsylvania Agricultural Fair Act (act of July 8, 1986, P.L. 437, No. 92)(3 P.S. §§ 1501-1510). The certificate must be presented to exhibition management prior to cooping of market birds and non-poultry, or display of hatchlings and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers. The form must be endorsed with the signature of the owner of the market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers.

#### The following information is required:

Exhibition Information     a. Name of exhibition:			
b. Address of exhibition:			
		Street, Route, or Box Number	
City	State	Zip	
<b>2. Owner Information:</b> a. Owner and exhibitor na	me:		
b. Owner and exhibitor ad		Street, Route, or Box Number	
City	State	Zip	
c. Owner and exhibitor tel	ephone num	nber: ()	
d. Owner email address:			
Page 1 of 2			October 202-



- **3. Verification of Biosecurity:** Biosecurity measures for all market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers being exhibited or displayed include a biosecurity plan which is followed on the premises where the source flock is located, to include at minimum:
- a. Visitors to bird housing areas are restricted.
- b. Anyone visiting the bird housing area should have clean clothing and should have used hand sanitizer or washed their hands before handling birds, feathers, eggs, or related equipment.
- c. Designated footwear or footwear that has been cleaned and disinfected is worn in the bird housing area by anyone entering the area. A clear line of separation exists at the entrance to the bird housing area.
- d. All ornamental feathers and unfertilized and fertilized eggs for exhibition are maintained in a biosecure manner, separate from birds and other avian products, prior to entry into the exhibition.
- e. All conveyances, including transport vehicles, coops, crates, boxes, and other containers used to transport market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers to an exhibition are cleaned to be free of visible manure, litter, or other debris.
- f. All coops, crates, boxes, and other containers used to transport market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers to an exhibition shall be disinfected with a product effective against the avian influenza virus and allowed to dry before use.
- g. All exhibitors should follow the current biosecurity guidelines: *Keeping Your Show Animals Healthy-Guidelines for Exhibitors*.

#### 4. Owner Endorsement:

I certify that the above information represents a true and accurate statement regarding my market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers, and their home flock(s). I further attest and affirm that a "Veterinarian Client Patient Relationship" – as that phrase is defined in the Act relating to Animal Exhibition Sanitation found at 3 Pa.C.S.A. § 2501 *et seq.* and any amendments thereto – "exists with regard to any market birds, non-poultry, hatchlings, and avian products, including unfertilized and fertilized eggs and ornamental feathers which I will be exhibiting."

5. Owner Printed Name:		
6. Owner Signature:	Date:	

For questions, please contact the Department by email (<u>RA-ahds@pa.gov</u>), by fax (717-787-1868), or mail at the address below.

Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture/Bureau of Animal Health and Diagnostic Services 2301 N. Cameron St./Harrisburg, PA 17110

To report illness or unusual mortality in your flock, please call the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture at 717-772-2852, option 1 (24/7).

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# Market Bird Requirements

- Official ID
- Health certificate & biosecurity statement
- Poultry or non-poultry source
- Al test 30 birds (≥3 wks) representative of the flock within 14 days prior to entry
- No Pullorum-typhoid test requirement
- 72 hours from time 1<sup>st</sup> market birds enter until last market birds leave
- Must go directly to a licensed slaughter facility after leaving
- Fair management must keep records of movement to slaughter for 1 year
- Source flock has premises ID
- Source flock and/or fair may not be in a HPAI control area
- Source flock premises may not have AI in birds or dairy cattle (until released by SAHO)



# Exhibition-type Birds (Non-Poultry)

- Official ID
- Health certificate & biosecurity statement
- AI test 30 birds (≥3 wks) representative of the flock within 14 days prior to entry
- Pullorum-typhoid test requirement
  - NPIP flock (not just from NPIP clean hatchery) or
  - State PT program or
  - Test individual birds within 90 days prior to entry if of age
    - If too young, test 300 birds of age or entire flock if less than 300
    - NPIP rules for minimum age for test
    - PA Waterfowl excluded
- Source flock has premises ID
- Source flock and/or fair may not be in a HPAI control area
- Source flock premises may not have AI in birds or dairy cattle (until released by SAHO)



Frizzle Silkie, Courtesy of Sam Geibel



# Official ID – PDA Leg Bands

- Official butt-end bands
- Free to Certified Poultry Technicians and Veterinarians
- Other bands may be approved by PDA on a case-by-case basis for growing birds or small breeds



# Hatchlings for Educational Display

- Health certificate & biosecurity statement
- Each group of hatchlings originates from one source flock
- Poultry or non-poultry source
- Al test 30 birds (≥3wks) representative of the flock within 14 days prior to entry
- Pullorum-typhoid test requirement
  - NPIP flock (not just from NPIP clean hatchery) or
  - State PT program or
  - Test 300 birds of age or entire flock if less than 300 within 90 days prior to entry
  - NPIP rules for minimum age for test
  - Waterfowl excluded
- Source flock has premises ID
- Source flock and/or fair may not be in a HPAI control area
- Source flock premises may not have AI in birds or dairy cattle (until released by SAHO)
- Must go directly to a premises without poultry after exhibition
  - After reach 21 days of age, AI test required to move to slaughter or poultry premises
  - Fair management must keep records of movement for 1 year







## Unfertilized or Fertilized Eggs

- Health certificate & biosecurity statement
- Poultry or non-poultry source
- Al test 30 birds (≥3wks) representative of the flock within 14 days prior to entre
- Pullorum-typhoid test requirement for <u>fertilized</u> eggs
  - NPIP flock (not just from NPIP clean hatchery) or
  - State PT program or
  - Test 300 birds of age or entire flock if less than 300 within 90 days prior to entry
  - NPIP rules for minimum age for test
  - Waterfowl excluded
- Eggs must be sanitized
- Cleaned and disinfected plastic egg cartons or new egg cartons
- Source flock has premises ID
- Source flock and/or fair may not be in a HPAI control area
- Source flock premises may not have AI in birds or dairy cattle (until released by SAHO)





#### Ornamental Feathers

- Health certificate & biosecurity statement
- Poultry or non-poultry source US flock
- Al requirement:
  - Al test 30 birds (≥3wks) representative of the source flock within 14 days prior to entry or
  - Ornamental feathers shall be clean, and held in a clean area separate from birds and other avian products for at least 120 days, at a minimum of 68°F before being shipped (and records of this shall be included with the health certification)
- No Pullorum-typhoid test requirement
- Feathers must be free of visible debris
- Source flock has premises ID
- Not affected by HPAI control areas





#### Other General Rules

- Don't allow a tested flock to have contact with an untested flock after samples are collected before the show
- Don't allow eggs for exhibition to have contact with other eggs before the show
- Rapid test for pullorum is not approved for use on turkeys-must send blood to the lab for testing.



#### Arts and Crafts Feathers

- If imported, must meet USDA standards
- If US origin, must be cleaned and dried
- Owner must keep source or purchase information, supply if requested
- Not affected by HPAI control areas



# Cooping

- Market birds 72 hours maximum time frame (1st in/last out)
- Exhibition type non-poultry no time limit
- No restriction on using the same cooping area on the grounds for poultry and non-poultry
- Biosecurity and clean coops are important



## Transportation

- Includes movement of all birds and avian products to show, slaughter plant, farm, or other destination as allowed in the exhibition order
- All transport of birds or products must be in a biosecure manner
- Conveyances must meet PDA quarantine order in effect regarding sanitation, cleaning and disinfection
  - Only clean conveyances should enter PA or a PA farm



### Records and Health Monitoring

- Fair management must maintain records of entries and other records as required by the exhibition order
- Health of the birds at the fair must be monitored
  - Sick birds should be moved to isolation
  - Show veterinarian should be contacted immediately
  - Suspicion of DTD must be reported to PDA

717-772-2852, option 1 (24/7)



#### Public Access Restrictions

- All live birds must be behind barriers to prevent public access
- Signs are required at the barriers



# PLEASE DO NOT CROSS THIS BARRIER

**SalaGraphics** 



#### CPT class

- Feb 12 and May 2 Virtual
- July 22 At PDA Harrisburg office
- Email Nan Hanshaw <a href="mailto:nhanshaw@pa.gov">nhanshaw@pa.gov</a> to enroll
- Current CPTs are welcome to audit for a refresher



#### Rabbits

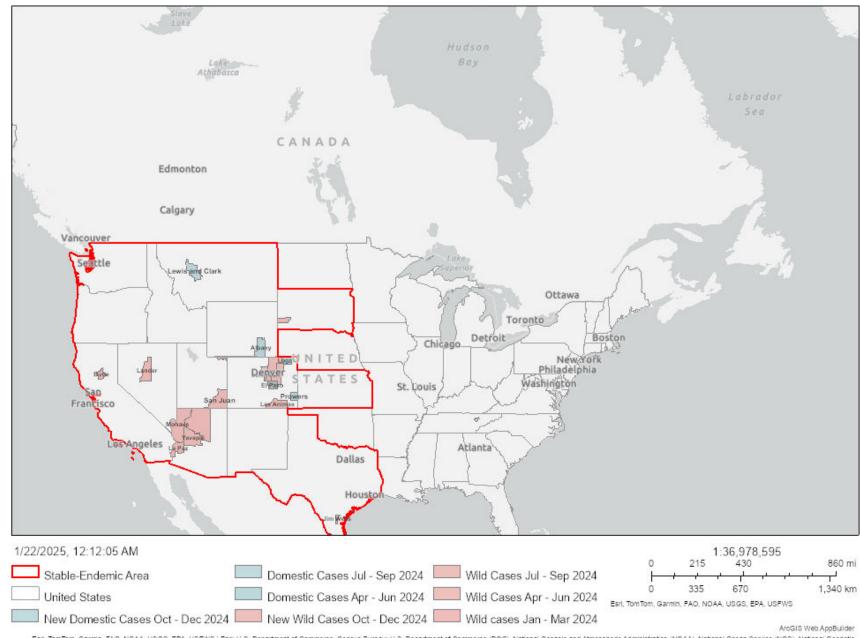
- PA Requirements
  - Verification of VCPR
  - Free of infectious/contagious disease
- Out of State Requirements:
  - If from a state with Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease (RHD) in the last 12 months
    - CVI within 72 hours with four special statements (see page 26)
- Recommendations:
  - Vaccination against RHD (now conditionally licensed)
  - CVI recommended for out of state rabbits from states without RHD

Note: Required to report all mass mortality events and all rabbits who are ill exhibiting clinical signs consistent with RHD to the Department 717-772-2852 select option 1





#### ArcGIS RHDV2 Web Map



### Swine – General Requirements

- Swine must be examined and free of signs of contagious disease before unloading by accredited vet or Swine Health Monitor
- Swine Health Monitor completes daily health inspections of all swine on site
- Show has a VCPR with Cat. II Accredited Vet for examination, health management, and reporting
- Breeding swine must exhibit prior to market swine
  - Must arrive, exhibit, and depart in no more than 72 hours
- Market swine must move directly to slaughter following exhibition
  - Shows should keep records



## Pennsylvania Show and Fair Swine Health **Monitor Training**

This training is required to become a PDA swine health monitor. Volunteers learn roles and responsibilities, rules and regulations, and common signs of disease.

Save for later

Be the first to review this product



Length Content Access Sections

365

Length Language

1 hour, 30 minutes English

Note

You will become a volunteer PDA Swine Health Monitor with successful completion of this course.

Options \*

Choose a selection...

## Swine – General Requirements

- Educational displays may occur concurrently but should be kept biosecurely separate from exhibition swine
- Conveyances used to transport animals should be cleaned between uses
- After departure of all swine, fair must clean all exhibition areas





#### Swine

- PA Swine
  - Official ID 840 RFID ear tag
  - CVI within <u>30 days</u> of exhibition, Official ID recorded on CVI
- Out of State Swine
  - Official ID 840 RFID ear tag
  - CVI with statement of free of evidence of infectious/contagious disease
    - Statement that the swine have not been fed raw garbage
  - Brucella testing requirements
  - Pseudorabies testing requirements
- Recommendation: Extra-label use of rabies vaccination should be discussed with exhibitor's veterinarian





#### Swine Exhibition Rules

- Jackpots and Round Ups
- Still Need SHM, CVI, RFID etc.
- No terminal requirement so long as guidelines followed
- Must arrive exhibit and depart in 72 hours
- No public access to the animals other than viewing the exhibition





#### Other swine scenarios

- Racing pigs
- Animals that cannot go directly to slaughter
  - Require a permit for movement from show
- Pet pigs
- Lost tags while at show
  - Notify PDA











# Questions?

- General
  - 717-772-2852
  - RA-ahds@pa.gov
- Dr. Luley
  - 717-257-6520
  - eluley@pa.gov
- Dr. Odian
  - 717-307-3257
  - modian@pa.gov

