## State Board of Pharmacy June 17, 2025

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#### BOARD MEMBERS:

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Christine Roussel, Pharm.D., BCOP, BCSCP, Chairperson Matthew Eaton, Deputy Commissioner, on behalf of Arion R. Claggett, Acting Commissioner, Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs Eric Esterbrook, R.Ph., Vice Chairperson - Absent Janet Getzey Hart, R.Ph., Secretary - Absent James Reed Jr., R.Ph. John R. Slagle, R.Ph. Ester Blair, Office of Attorney General

### BUREAU PERSONNEL:

Sean C. Barrett, Esquire, Board Counsel Nathan C. Giunta, Esquire, Board Prosecution Liaison Caroline A. Bailey, Esquire, Board Prosecutor Tyesha C. Miley, Esquire, Board Prosecutor Ashley P. Murphy, Esquire, Board Prosecutor Marc Farrell, Esquire, Regulatory Counsel, Office of Chief Counsel, Department of State Ray J. Michalowski, Esquire, Senior Board Prosecutor and Prosecution Liaison Sara Trimmer, Pharm.D., R.Ph., Executive Secretary Willow Marsh, Legislative Aide, Department of State Andrew LaFratte, MPA, Deputy Policy Director, Department of State

### ALSO PRESENT:

Jill Rebuck, Executive Director, Pennsylvania Society of Health-System Pharmacists Larry Jones, Pennsylvania Society of Health-System Pharmacists Chelsey Walker, Pharm.D, M.H.S.A., Director of Pharmacy Service, Meadville Medical Center Susan DelMonico, R.Ph, Associate General Counsel, Deputy Pharmacy Compliance Officer, Genoa Healthcare Jessica Leyva, Member Relations Coordinator, National Association of Boards of Pharmacy Gregory Duran, Area Healthcare Supervisor, Walgreens Jennifer Welch, Pharm.D, Divisional Pharmacy Manager, Acme/Sav-on

Jeffrey Krist, Senior Compliance Manager, Chewy Pharmacy

## State Board of Pharmacy June 17, 2025

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### ALSO PRESENT: (cont.)

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Amanda Abernathy, Director of Population Health and Quality at UNC Health Blue Ridge Adam Womack, Pharmacist in Charge, LifeMD

Michelle Aytay, Manager, Pharmacy Affairs, Walgreens Charlotte Harris, Pharmacy Intern, Duquesne University

Rebecca (Becky) Taylor, Pharm.D., MBA, BCPC, FASHP Lauren Finoli, Pharm.D., BCPS, BCCCP, Manager of Pharmacy Clinical Services, Allegheny General Hospital

Jacquelyn Sassaman, Pentec Health

Trisha Miller, Pharm.D., MPH, BCACP, Ambulatory Care & Public Health Pharmacist, University of Pittsburgh Medical Center

Misha Patel, M.D., Curriculum Education Assistant, Geisinger Commonwealth School of Medicine

Brett Rodgers, Senior Manager for Pharmacy Automation, University of Pittsburgh Medical Center

Jessica Covaci, Pharm.D, Director of Pharmacy Government Affairs, Albertsons Companies Kerry Maloney, Esquire, Associate Counsel, UPMC

Katie Gruber, MSW, CADC, Data and Training Manager, The Pennsylvania Medical Society

Valerie Pentland, Pharm.D, Staff Pharmacist, ConnectiveRx

Rachel DiPaolantonio, Pharm.D, Pharmacy Clinical Program Director, Weis Markets

Brian Lenich, Pharm.D

Nitin Patel, Enterprise Specialty Pharmacy Director, Jefferson Health

Lauren Grantz, Pharm.D, Administrator of Outpatient Services, Lehigh Valley Health Network

Danielle DiCiolla, Manager, Regulatory Affairs, Cardinal Health

Kimberly Burns, R.Ph., J.D., School of Pharmacy, Lake Erie College of Osteopathic Medicine

Zachery Leslie, Pharm.D, Area Healthcare Supervisor, Walgreens

Andrea Sargent, Pharm.D, Senior Director, Pharmacy Operations, UPMC

David Klinger, R.Ph., MHL, System Director, Operations and Compliance, Geisinger Stacy Flynn, R.Ph, Prime Therapeutics

# State Board of Pharmacy June 17, 2025

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#### ALSO PRESENT: (cont.)

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49 50 Rick Seipp, Pharm.D, Value Drug Company Nicole Fidler, Associate, Malady & Wooten Christopher Miller, Pharm.D., Giant Eagle Grace Sesi, Executive Director, Regulatory Affairs, CVS Health, Chairperson, Michigan Bureau of Pharmacy Matthew Schonder, R.Ph, MBA, Director of Pharmacy,

University of Pittsburgh Medical Center McKeesport Jill McCormack, State Government Affairs Director, National Association of Chain Drug Stores Natahsha Baumgartner, Assistant Director of University Health Services Operations, Penn State

University Ashley Brown, Nurse Practitioner, Thomas Jefferson University Hospital

Veronica Ng, Director of Government Relations, Walgreens

Cory Ulisse, Pharm.D, Pharmacy Clinician Services Ben Dimarco, Senior Legal Counsel, CVS Health Margaret Barca, Senior Manager, Pharmacy Technical, UPMC

Nichole Cover, R.Ph., Director, Pharmacy Affairs, Walgreens

Anthony Bixler, R.Ph., Staff Pharmacist, Wellspan Hospital

Agatha Gradkowski, PY4, Duquesne University, Student Pennsylvania Pharmacists Association

Natalie Klek, Pharm.D, Pennsylvania Pharmacists Association

Victoria Elliott, R.Ph., CEO, Pennsylvania

Pharmacists Association

Terry Talbot, Director Pharmacy and Retail Advocacy, CVS Health

Jon Ference, Pharm.D, Dean, Nesbitt School of Pharmacy, Wilkes University

Matt Popowicz Nick Pelczar

Jessica Cole

Stephen Buhun

Rhonda Thomas Nosson Berkovits

Madison Carpenter

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a.m.1

10:40 a.m.

2 State Board of Pharmacy

June 17, 2025

\* \* \*

The regularly scheduled meeting of the State

Board of Pharmacy was held on Tuesday, June 17, 2025.

Christine Roussel, Pharm.D, BCOP, BCSCP, Chairperson,

called the meeting to order at

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11 [Pursuant to Section 708(a)(5) of the Sunshine Act,
12 at 9:00 a.m., the Board entered into Executive
13 Session with Sean C. Barrett, Esquire, Board Counsel,
14 for the purpose of conducting quasi-judicial
15 deliberations and to receive the advice of Board
16 Counsel. The Board returned to open session at 10:40

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[Sean C. Barrett, Esquire, Board Counsel, noted the the meeting was being recorded, and those who continued to participate were giving their consent to be recorded.

Mr. Barrett also noted the Board entered into Executive Session for the purpose of conducting quasi-judicial deliberations on a number of matters

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that are currently pending before the Board and to
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   receive the advice of counsel.
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   Introduction of Board Members/Attendees
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   [Christine Roussel, Pharm.D, BCOP, BCSCP,
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   Chairperson, requested an introduction of Board
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   members and attendees. A quorum of Board members was
   present.]
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   Approval of the Minutes for the April 29, 2025
11
   meeting
   CHAIR ROUSSEL:
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                Can I get a motion to approve the
14
                minutes?
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   MR. REED:
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                I make a motion that we approve the
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                minutes.
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   MR. EATON:
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                Matthew Eaton, second.
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   CHAIR ROUSSEL:
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                Any edits or discussions?
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   MR. BARRETT:
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                Just for the record, that's the minutes
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                of the April 29, 2025 meeting.
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   CHAIR ROUSSEL:
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1 Yes, it is. Thank you very much. Motion

2 to approve. We'll call the vote.

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Reed, aye; Eaton, abstain; Slagle, aye;

5 Blair, aye; Roussel, aye.

6 | [The motion carried. Mr. Eaton abstained from voting

7 on the motion.]

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9 Approval of the Agenda for the June 17, 2025 meeting

10 [Christine Roussel, Pharm.D., BCOP, BCSCP,

11 Chairperson, asked if there were any amendments to

12 | the agenda. There were none.]

13

14 Report of Board Prosecution

15 | [Tyesha C. Miley, Esquire, Board Prosecutor,

16 presented the Consent Agreement for Case No. 24-54-

17 | 000488. Ms. Miley noted Agenda Item No. 3 would be

18 tabled to the August 26, 2025 Board meeting.]

19

20 [Ashley P. Murphy, Esquire, Board Prosecutor,

21 presented the Consent Agreement for Case No. 22-54-

22 017377.]

23 \*\*

24 | [Ray J. Michalowski, Esquire, Senior Board Prosecutor

25 and Prosecution Liaison, on behalf of Nathan Giunta,

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presented the Consent Agreements for Case No. 22-54-
2 013804, Case No. 24-54-009250, Case No. 25-54-002378,
3 and Case No. 25-54-003759.
4 Mr. Michalowski also presented the Consent
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Mr. Michalowski also presented the Consent Agreements for Case No. 25-54-004629 and Case No. 25-54-006984.]

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8 [Chair Roussel commented that it appeared that Mr.

requested Mr. Michalowski update the Board on the prosecutions and inspections.

Michalowski's office had been very busy.

Mr. Michalowski noted an inspector in

Philadelphia was leaving for another job in the

Commonwealth, so a replacement will soon be needed.

He meets with the inspectors on a bi-monthly basis to keep updated on their progress.

Chair Roussel requested an update on the new USP compounding regulations that were published in November 2023.

Mr. Michalowski discussed feedback that people were ready for those updates. He stated some had originally over interpreted and some had under interpreted the regulations.

Chair Roussel questioned whether the inspectors had access to the education. She specifically

mentioned the compounding education the North Carolina.

Mr. Michalowski responded that the inspectors had received education on compounding practices. suggested a representative of DEI be invited to a Board meeting to updated the Board on their practices.]

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#### MR. BARRETT:

Based on the presentation of prosecution, do any members of the Board wish to return to Executive Session for further discussion on any of these matters.

Hearing none, based on the report of prosecution, I believe the Board Chair would entertain a motion to approve the Consent Agreements at Item No. 2, Case No. 24-54-000488; Item No. 4, Case No. 24-54-017377; Item No. 5, Case No. 22-54-013804; Item No. 6, Case No. 24-54-009250; Item No. 7, Case No. 25-54-002378; Item No. 8, Case No. 25-54-003759; Item No. 9, Case No. 25-54-004629; and Item No. 10, Case No. 25-

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11 54-006984. 1 MR. REED: 2 3 So moved, Jim Reed. 4 MR. EASTON: 5 Eaton, second. 6 CHAIR ROUSSEL: 7 Excellent. Any discussion? We'll call 8 the vote. 9 10 Reed, aye; Eaton, aye; Slagle, aye; 11 Blair, aye; Roussel, aye. 12 [The motion carried unanimously. The Respondents' 13 names are Item No. 2, Case No. 24-54-000488, Akina 14 Pharmacy; Item No. 4, Case No. 22-54-017377, Joshua 15 Chungh, R.Ph.; Item No. 5, Case No. 22-54-013804, The Medicine Shoppe; Item No. 6, Case No. 22-54-009250, 16 Luke Taylor, R.Ph.; Item No. 7, Case No. 25-54-17 18 002378, Northeast Discount Pharmacy; and Item No. 8, Case No. 25-54-003759, Aequita Pharmacy.] 19 \* \* \* 20 21 Report of Board Counsel - Final Adjudication Orders 22 MR. BARRETT: 23 Based on Executive Session 24 deliberations, I believe the Board 25 Chair would entertain a motion to

12 approve the Final Adjudications Orders, 1 2 subject to a couple of typographical 3 corrections at Item No. 13, Lehigh 4 Pharmacy and Item No. 14, Wynnefield 5 Pharmacy. MR. REED: 6 7 Jim Reed, I move to accept the Final Adjudication Orders for Lehigh Pharmacy 8 9 and Wynnefield Pharmacy. 10 MR. EATON: 11 Eaton, second. CHAIR ROUSSEL: 12 13 Any discussion? Let's call the vote. 14 15 Reed, aye; Eaton, aye; Slagle, aye; 16 Blair, aye; Roussel, aye. 17 [The motion carried unanimously.] \* \* \* 18 Matters for Deliberation 19 MR. BARRETT: 20 Based on Executive Session 21 22 deliberations, I believe the Board 23 Chair would entertain a motion to 24 delegate the following matters to a 25 hearing examiner for hearings and

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                  proposed orders. Item No. 15, Amy
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                  Crea, R.Ph., Case No. 24-54-003807;
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                  Item No. 16. Kathleen Samicolo, R.Ph.,
                  Case No. 24-54-005564; Item No. 17,
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                  Wiltherkeen Auguste, R.Ph., Case No.
                  24-54-011085; Item No. 18, Broad &
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                  Grange Pharmacy, Case No. 24-54-011086;
                  Item No. 19, Ahmed Moftah, R.Ph., Case
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                  No. 24-54-015788; Item No. 20, Penn
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                  Specialty Pharmacy, Case No. 24-54-
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                  015790; and Item No. 21, Rohail Bilal,
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                  R.Ph., Case No. 24-54-016034.
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   MR. REED:
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                  Reed moves to forward the matters of
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                  deliberation to hearings.
   MR. EATON:
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                  Eaton, second.
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   CHAIR ROUSSEL:
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                  Any discussion? Let's call the vote.
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                  Reed, aye; Eaton, aye; Slagle, aye;
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                  Blair, aye; Roussel, aye.
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   [The motion passed unanimously.]
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   Review of Applications
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14 1 MR. BARRETT: 2 Under Review of Applications, based on 3 Executive Session deliberations, I believe the Board Chair would entertain 4 5 a motion to approve the Application of Adenike Otegbola for Pharmacist by 6 7 Reciprocity. 8 MR. REED: 9 So moved. 10 MR. EATON: Second. 11 CHAIR ROUSSEL: 12 13 Any discussion? Let's call the vote. 14 15 Reed, aye; Eaton, aye; Slagle, aye; 16 Blair, aye; Roussel, aye. 17 [The motion carried unanimously.] \* \* \* 18 MR. BARRETT: 19 20 For Item No. 23, based on Executive Session deliberations, I believe the 21 22 Board Chair would entertain a motion to 23 direct the Executive Secretary to send 24 a discrepancy to the applicant, 25 Santhosh Mathew, asking for additional

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                  information.
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   MR. REED:
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                  So moved.
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   MR. EATON:
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                  Eaton, second.
   CHAIR ROUSSEL:
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                  Any discussion that we didn't already
                  have?
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                  Reed, aye; Eaton, aye; Slagle, aye;
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                  Blair, aye; Roussel, aye.
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   [The motion carried unanimously.]
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   MR. BARRETT:
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                  Item No. 24, based on Executive Session
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                  deliberations, I believe the Board
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                  Chair would approve the Non-Resident
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                  Pharmacy Application of Pharmacare USA
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                  of Edison Dept.
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   MR. REED.
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                  I make a motion that we approve the
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                  Non-Resident Pharmacy Application for
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                  Pharmacare USA of Edison Dept.
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   MR. EATON:
25
                  Eaton, second.
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CHAIR ROUSSEL:

2 Any discussion? Call the vote.

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Reed, aye; Eaton, aye; Slagle, aye;

5 Blair, aye; Roussel, aye.

6 [The motion carried unanimously.]

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8 Report of Board Counsel

9 [Sean C. Barrett, Esquire, Board Counsel, stated SB

10 95 was recently introduced. The Bill would have

11 implications on pharmacy and EMS providers. He

12 explained, in summary, the Bill would allow EMS

13 providers to provide packaged doses of Naloxone or

14 other opioid medications to reverse opioid overdoses

15 to a family member or other individual of the

16 patient. Another amended section would require

17 | pharmacists to provided certain price disclosure

18 information to customers as well as maintain certain

19 records. He suggested, if anyone had interest in the

20 Bill, to read the text on the General Assembly

21 | website and talk to local representatives.

22 He noted other pharmacy bills being promulgated,

23 but there has been no movement to note as of yet.]

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25 Report of Board Chairperson

- 1 | [Christine Roussel, Pharm.D., BCOP, BCSCP,
- 2 | Chairperson, shared that Jim Reed, Sarah Trimmer and
- 3 herself attended the National Association of Boards
- 4 of Pharmacy (NABP) meeting in May 2025. She stated
- 5 | the role of the Board of Pharmacy is to ensure the
- 6 safety and well-being of the public through
- 7 establishing standards of practice as well as
- 8 enforcing relevant laws and regulations. She added
- 9 that going to NAPB was extremely helpful for
- 10 perspective as well as networking.
- 11 Chair Roussel conveyed the main session related
- 12 to regulating technology to support innovation in the
- 13 protection of the public. There was a poster session
- 14 about engaging with pharmacy technology and the
- 15 accuracy of the technology. She found this helpful
- 16 as it noted the regulations being written now need to
- 17 stand the test of time in the future when it comes to
- 18 technology.
- 19 Chair Roussel also mentioned the Board of
- 20 | Pharmacy Action Decision Tree and a Just Approach to
- 21 discipline sessions. The NABP published a useful
- 22 tool that modifies just culture to be pharmacy
- 23 specific. She explained the NABP website has the
- 24 | Board of Pharmacy action tree, pharmacy personnel
- 25 evaluation, and pharmacy facility evaluation

resources available for free. This is a valuable resource for looking at medication error, how the errors occur, and specifically at how to evaluate the people that make those errors. She further explained the continuing education focused on how quasi-judicial deliberations, which will help the Board be very thoughtful and objective in its work.

Mr. Reed concurred that the decision tree was good. It demonstrated not just the punitive effects when errors are made but also how to learn from them. It also helped show if an event was related to human quality or reckless conduct from using AI. He was blown away with the technology that exists and thinking about drafting regulations to be prepared for the future.

Chair Roussel also mentioned a specific poster by a student that demonstrated the accuracy of AI for drug information is only 90.8 percent accurate, while for pharmacists the accuracy is 100 percent.]

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21 Report of Acting Commissioner

22 | [Matthew Eaton, Deputy Commissioner, Delegate for

23 Arion R. Claggett, Acting Commissioner, Bureau of

24 Professional and Occupational Affairs, was introduced

25 by Chair Roussel who provided a summary of his

professional background including that he also sits on the Medical Marijuana Advisory Board.

Mr. Eaton provided updated information on the licensing system. He stated, for the Board of Pharmacy, Sarah Trimmer as well as the Division Chief for Health Licensing and members of the Commissioner's office are continuing to work with the third-party vendor to replace the current system, PALS, with the new system, Evoke.

Mr. Eaton shared that meetings are ongoing and continuous as phase one. The Board of Pharmacy is scheduled to go live in early 2026, which has also completed the future state mapping at this point.

Chair Roussel questioned the name of the new system. Mr. Eaton responded that the Bureau did not get to choose the name. It was selected by the vendor, System Automation. He added that Evoke is an off the shelf system being used in other states.

Victoria Elliott R.Ph., CEO, Pennsylvania

Pharmacists Association, questioned the timing of the system in relation to the implementation of the Technician Registration Regulations. She inquired if the technicians would have to start out on PALS and then convert to Evoke during the year and whether there was a plan for the implementation. Mr. Eaton

responded that information will be imputed into the 1 2 Evoke system as it occurs, but there is the ability 3 to customize the system with new regulation changes. 4 Chair Roussel added that there needs to be more 5 clarity around when the system will be going live to fully answer Ms. Elliott's question. 6 7 Larry Jones, Pennsylvania Society of Health-8 System Pharmacists, questioned the phases of the 9 conversion. Mr. Eaton responded that there are only 10 two phases, and most of the health licensing boards, 11 including the Board of Pharmacy, will be in phase 12 one.] 13 \* \* \* 14 Report of Executive Secretary 15 [Sara Trimmer, Pharm.D., R.Ph., Executive Secretary, 16 shared her report on current licensing. She stated 17 the graduation season is winding down, and the 18 current processing times for pharmacists by exam, by 19 score transfer, and by reciprocity are at about five

business days. For graduates, as long as all of the data is correct, students are eligible to test within days of their application submission.

Chair Roussel asked if there is a lot of pressure from other applications to be processed. Ms. Trimmer responded that applications for new pharmacies

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remained low with a processing time of five to seven
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   business days. She stated the loss of a DEI
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   inspector for the Commonwealth will probably present
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   the biggest challenge for new pharmacies and for
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   final inspections on closing pharmacies. She added
   that the influx of closures is at 100 since the June
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   9, 2025. Despite the challenges, she shared that the
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   pharmacy is marked as closed, so that the pharmacy
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   manager of a closed location can take on the role of
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   pharmacy manager elsewhere if needed. She added that
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   the process is being completed as soon as possible to
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   assure there is no risk to the continuity of care for
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   patients.
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        Chair Roussel questioned the number of pharmacy
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   licensees in the Commonwealth. Ms. Trimmer answered
   there are about 2,400 to 2,500; however, the data is
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   currently being gathered as the renewals are
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   processed.
        Chair Roussel thanked Ms. Trimmer and her team
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for focusing and pushing so hard during this time especially with new graduates.]

23 Report of Board Members - No Report

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25 Discussion - Agenda Item No. 25, NABP Forum, October

- 1 27-30, 2025, Rosemont, Illinois
- 2 [Christine Roussel, Pharm.D., BCOP, BCSCP,
- 3 Chairperson, shared that the NABP Forum, October 27,-
- 4 30, 2025, was specifically looking at executive
- 5 officers, board members, compliance officers and
- 6 legal counsel. She stated the NABP Forum is a closed
- 7 | meeting. The focus is on protecting public health
- 8 | through educating on writing regulations, evaluating
- 9 regulations, and looking at safety cases. She
- 10 strongly recommended sending Ms. Trimmer and Mr.
- 11 | Barrett, if they are available, along with a third
- 12 person. She explained there would be much value in
- 13 networking with out of state colleagues as there are
- 14 | not many to network with in-state. She also
- 15 anticipates that the Board Chair will change for the
- 16 | following year, and this may be an opportunity for
- 17 | the new Board Chair to participate in the executive
- 18 officer forum.
- 19 Mr. Barrett stated the Board did not need to
- 20 decided who to send at the current moment but should
- 21 | vote on how many people to send.]
- 22 CHAIR ROUSSEL:
- Anybody want to make a motion?
- 24 MR. REED:
- 25 I'll make the motion that we request

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                  three representatives be sent to the
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                  NABP Forum.
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   MR. EATON:
 4
                  Eaton, second.
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   CHAIR ROUSSEL:
                  Any discussion? All right. We'll call
 6
 7
                  the vote.
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                  Reed, aye; Eaton, aye; Slagle, aye;
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                  Blair, aye; Roussel, aye.
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   [The motion carried unanimously.]
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   Discussion - Agenda Item No. 26, Score Transfers
   [Sara Trimmer, Pharm.D., R.Ph., Executive Secretary,
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   discussed the score transfers and the time frame in
16
   which they are accepted. She explained that score
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   transfer requests can be submitted through the NABP
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   up to 89 days after taking the North American
   Pharmacist Licensure Examination (NAPLEX). Due to
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20
   this, the Commonwealth has been utilizing a 90-day
21
   window for applicants to apply using the score
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   transfer method.
23
        After talking to neighboring states, Ms. Trimmer
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   learned that on average most states allow for score
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   transfer to be used for one year after NAPLEX with
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New York allowing score transfer for five years. She stated the way they have been doing it is that, once someone was licensed in another state, they could no longer apply via score transfer and had to apply by reciprocity.

Ms. Trimmer asked the Board if it could be a little more concrete of a timeline for how long a score transfer could be accepted.

Chair Roussel pulled up the ACT from 1961 and it was silent on score transfer. She stated there was nothing prohibiting the Board from giving a time period to score transfers. She said there is value in making the process less cumbersome and less costly to young people. Five years may be a lot of work, but that one year seems more appropriate given that in some states once you have a license there is a limit before you can apply for reciprocity in another state. Ms. Trimmer was not sure of the practices of other states but, in the Commonwealth, if an applicant is licensed in another state before applying in Pennsylvania, the applicant would be required to change their application from score transfer to reciprocity.

Mr. Barrett requested additional clarification to confirm the details. Ms. Trimmer responded that

because there is no actual timeline stated in the 1 2 regulations, the office has just been using a 90-day 3 window. However, with graduation season, NABP has been reaching out about students who have taken 4 5 NAPLEX but are just past the 90 days. The students 6 may have passed the exam but applied by score 7 transfer in multiple states, not knowing where they would wind up at. If the applicant was approved in another state before obtaining approval in 10 Pennsylvania, the students are being charged the \$105 for score transfer and then another \$400 for 11 12 application by reciprocity. It is burdensome for the 13 students. She questioned the Board as to a clear 14 timeline on how long the score transfer could be 15 used, instead of reciprocity. Chair Roussel noted, since the ACT is silent on 16 17 the matter, she was not sure that it could be 18 regulated. 19 Mr. Barrett stated, since the Board has the 20 ability to provide for examination, the Board could 21 limit how they use the score. The Board would have 22 to decide if it would be in a reciprocity sense or a

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general sense. He questioned, what happens if

years before actually applying?

someone does a score transfer and then waits two

Does the

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Commonwealth then need to locate a score transfer
from two years prior? He also raised concerns about
how an out-of-state applicant should be treated and
if the real issue was the fee concern.

Ms. Trimmer stated there are not many applicants in this scenario, but NABP raised the concern with her because of graduation season.

Mr. Barrett stated the Board does not have an obligation to do reciprocity just because an applicant is licensed in another state. If an applicant submits their qualifications with the required information, the Board should be able to grant an initial license.

Chair Roussel stated the finances for new graduates should definitely be a concern that the Board considers, perhaps the Board should consider allowing a two-year window for score transfers to be accepted.

Mr. Michalowski suggested, if the Board would add a time frame in its regulations, it would also need to be added that the first state of licensure is considered the applicant's home state for future reporting and disciplinary actions.

Mr. Barrett did not see a need to add a statement about a home state, because all 50 states already

have the obligation to report any discipline. He suggested not adding the score transfer changes to the general revision package. He suggested that a new regulation package could be started in the future for this and similar issues.

The Board stated Ms. Trimmer should direct questions on the time line to use the score transfer Mr. Barrett to determine if the Board needs to make a per person decision. The Board will consider a reasonable time frame in the future.]

Discussion - Scope of Injectable Administration
[Sara Trimmer, Pharm.D., R.Ph., Executive Secretary,
introduced the topic of the scope of injectable
administration. She stated several pharmacists have
called expressing an interest in administering Botox.
Upon researching, she found that according to the
American Academy of Facial Aesthetics that other
medical professionals in rare cases, like pharmacists
or paramedics, may qualify in certain jurisdictions.
She also learned that the practice is uncommon and
highly regulated. She added that the Pennsylvania
\$24.401 injectable qualifications assume injectables
are vaccines, medications and biological.

Mr. Barrett could not provide an advisory opinion

- 1 but believed the ability to administer injectables or
- 2 | biologics is tied to an agreement with a medical
- 3 professional and at least for vaccines the Advisory
- 4 | Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)
- 5 | guidelines. He cautioned pharmacists to consult with
- 6 | an attorney before considering administering
- 7 something like Botox.
- 8 Ms. Trimmer told the pharmacists over the phone
- 9 that she was unable to give out an advisory opinion.
- 10 Mr. Barrett suggested advising them to look at the
- 11 scope of practice of other professions.
- Mr. Eaton agreed with Mr. Barrett. He stated
- 13 something is not authorized by the licensee's license
- 14 and that action is in general a license, firm
- 15 practice by one or numerous other boards, the person
- 16 taking the action could be prosecuted. He advised
- 17 that people essentially should stay in their own
- 18 lane.
- 19 Chair Roussel stated, reading directly from the
- 20 regulations, that pharmacists apply for the authority
- 21 to administer injectable medications, biologicals,
- 22 and immunizations. The route of administrations list
- 23 subcutaneous, intradermal and intramuscular
- 24 | injections. She would question the type of product
- 25 and where it is being injected.

1 Mr. Eaton agreed that Chair Roussel was correct 2 in the wording of the regulation.]

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4 Discussion - Rite Aid

5 [Christine Roussel, Pharm.D., BCOP, BCSCP,

6 | Chairperson, discussed the closure of Rite Aid.

Mr. Barrett stated this is a newsworthy topic and every week he notes more Rite Aid locations are closing. He expressed appreciation for the ideas and proposals that have been sent by various associations to both the General Assembly and the Board Counsel. He offered to speak for the Board by stating that the Board wants to do what it can to help the community, but there was the scope of what it can or cannot do. He could not discuss what was being discussed with the General Assembly, but they are looking into how to solve some of the issues.

Mr. Barrett added that there are some issues mainly to controlled substances that there are federal regulations that the Commonwealth cannot touch or they risk creating scenarios where people violate federal law. He understood that many people wanted the Board to start changing regulations, but the regulatory process is slow. Rite Aid will be a distant memory before any regulations the Board

creates are passed. He further stated the General
Assembly is the quickest way to make something
happen. Emergency declarations require a declaration
from the Governor, but that is not the situation at
this point.

- Mr. Barrett sated many of the issues are related to the manpower to process transfers and who is licensed to handle the transfers and communications of the transfers. Ms. Trimmer was directed to notify Mr. Barret of any complaints about Rite Aids, so he could stay on top of the matter. Not many complaints have been received. He noted the closure process will not be seamless.
- Victoria Elliott, R.Ph., CEO, Pennsylvania

  Pharmacists Association, started by thanking the

  Board and acknowledging that there is appreciation

  for the limitations of the Board. She stated, in the

  trenches, there a sense of frustration that there has

  been radio silence from across the spectrum of the

  Commonwealth. She understood that there are

  discussions taking place, but she is working to get

  information out to their membership about avenues to

  resolve problems that arise. She also stated part of

  the issues are more from a business perspective, like

  the difference in open hours between Rite Aid and any

other pharmacy.

Ms. Elliott stated manpower is definitely a concern, but many are stepping up to help patients. She further stated there are only so many hours in a given day. Ms. Elliott discussed an issue with certain organizations noting the availability of a prescription but then the prescription cannot be obtained to help the customer. She acknowledged possible alternatives. She implored the Board to work with other Boards, in particular the Medicine Board, to come up with joint solutions to solve problems similar to those in California.

Ms. Elliott noted the volume increases in some locations. Some locations have experienced close to 100 percent or more in increases of prescriptions.

Many of the increases are due to reimbursement issues, which the Board has no control over. She noted a meeting with DHS to gain fair reimbursement for Medicaid so that all pharmacies do not continue to lose money on prescriptions. She suggested one relief would be with Board waivers so that pharmacies can easier swell their rosters to help with the volume.

Mr. Barrett stated the California Statement of Policy was sent to Arion Claggett, Acting

Commissioner, to consider working on something
similar across the Boards. He expected his inbox to
be overwhelming with complaints with Rite Aid
closing. He attributes the lack of complaints to the
pharmacists and doctors stepping up to assist
patients. Mr. Barrett stated proposals are being

drafted to address the problem.

- Ms. Elliott suggested that the Board consider creating a tracker similar to the Ohio Board where the public at large can view in real time what pharmacies are closed or open. Mr. Barrett stated a tracker system is being considered.
- Chair Roussel stated the possibility of dovetailing the Department of Health vaccine tracker was considered, but it is not accurate when looking at the Rite Aid closures.
- Chair Roussel reminded everyone that the Board of Pharmacy is limited in their authority, but do listen to the concerns of the public. The focus is patient care, and non-compliance in taking medications is a real issue.
- Mr. Michalowski stated his office is working with Rite Aid. Even though they do not license the chain, it helps with coordinating the closures. Rite Aid has been very cooperative in letting his office know

where the records are going in an orderly process.

His office has designated one person to have all of
the prosecutorial pieces. He reiterated that the
number of patient complaints have been relatively

low.

- The question was posed again regarding the issue with the transfer of scripts for patients,

  particularly where to file a complaint if somebody is just sitting on a script that the pharmacy needs.

  Mr. Barrett could not provide an advisory opinion at this time. The matter could potentially come before the Board if someone is not complying with regulations regarding transfers.
  - Mr. Michalowski also stated that one of the difficulties in this particular case is that the closure occurred very quickly due to the bankruptcy. Rite Aid so far has done a good job with getting their records to other places, but the reality is that his office prosecuting a pharmacy that will not exist in 60 days or even now is not possible.
  - Ms. Trimmer stated, in the chat, Scott Young posted Washington guidance on transfers of non-controls but additional means due to Rite Aid. Mr. Barrett with review the message to consider in drafting the proposals on transfers. Pennsylvania's

regulations on transfers are more silent than other states. He reiterated the change would probably have to come from the General Assembly as a regulatory change would take too long. He encouraged all to provide information on the practices of other states

Mr. Barrett also stated the Board would have a special meeting, if needed, if there was an issue that needed action in a timely manner.

Chair Roussel thanked everyone for their participation in the discussion surrounding Rite Aid and for appreciating the limitations that come from working within the regulatory structure.]

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15 Public Discussion

or associations.

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[Jill Rebuck, Executive Director, Pennsylvania Society of Health-System Pharmacists, stated House Bill 446 was amended and would be up for a vote on June 25, 2025. The Bill is associated with medication being offered to patients upon discharge from an ambulatory or any healthcare facility,

23 societal good if a bulk medication would otherwise be 24 thrown out. That was the medication could instead go

hospital, et cetera, with the intent being common

25 home with the patient if the provider felt it was

1 | appropriate.]

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3 | [Larry Jones, Pennsylvania Society of Health-System

4 | Pharmacists reported that House Bill 1140 with

5 regards to contraceptive access had passed the House

6 and was going to Senate Committee. He did not

7 anticipate it would go this far in its present form,

8 but some changes had been made.]

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10 [Anthony Bixler, R.Ph., Staff Pharmacist, Wellspan

11 York Hospital, asked, in regards to technician

12 registration, if the initial length had been decided.

13 He wanted to know how they intended to regulate the

14 first initial application to get them on the odd

15 number renewal. Chair Roussel stated the matter had

16 not yet been decided.

Mr. Bixler also asked if there is an employee,

18 who as a requirement of their job is a pharmacy

19 technician, but they do not necessarily fulfill the

20 requirements in the regulations as a pharmaceutical

21 technician, such as a buyer, 340B analyst or a med

22 reconciliation person, would they still be required

23 to register?

Mr. Barrett stated if the employee has a job

25 duty, regardless of their title, that falls within

the scope of practice of a pharmacy technician, then
they need to be registered to perform those acts. He
added that any tasks that they perform outside of
that scope is irrelevant.

Chair Roussel added that a buyer, for example, would have some responsibility in handling the drugs that they buy and should be aware of the regulations surrounding what they are buying.

Larry Jones, Pennsylvania Society of HealthSystem Pharmacists, suggested that the positions
brought up are specialty job descriptions. Everyone
has to help when the pharmacy is short staffed, so it
would be safer to register no matter what the job
description is in the medication process.]

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16 Report of Board Counsel - Regulatory Report -

17 Regulatory Status Report

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18 [Marc Farrell, Esquire, Regulatory Counsel, Office of

19 Chief Counsel, Department of State, provided the

20 Regulatory Status Report.

He discussed the pharmacy technician regulation, 16A-5433. It was approved by IRRC at its May 15, 2025 public meeting. It has been approved by the Office of Attorney General and is currently with the Pennsylvania Legislative Reference Bureau to be

published as final in the June 28, 2025 edition of the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*. He stated it would go into effect after being published and would be coming off of the reports for the next Board meeting. He conveyed his thanks for everybody's work on the regulation.

Mr. Farrell stated the next regulation was 16A-5430 regarding child abuse reporting requirements. This was published as proposed on June 7, 2025, and was now in the 30-day public comment period, which will end on July 7, 2025.

Mr. Farrell stated 16A-5432, relating to Act 41 licensure by endorsement package, has been completely drafted and in the internal departmental approval phase with Senior Regulatory Counsel.

He next stated that 16A-5434 is the regulations surrounding Covid-19 immunizations. This will be the vehicle to get Act 80 and Act 77 updates and make the statute and the regulations match each other. Work will resume in the 2nd quarter of 2025 for this package.

Mr. Farrell discussed 16A-5435, which relates to the ABC map for opioid education and prescribing. He shared it waits other health care Boards to draft their regulations before proceeding.

Victoria Elliott, R.Ph., CEO Pennsylvania

Pharmacists Association, asked what information was being sent out from the Board for the technicians and what the actual application process was going to be.

Mr. Barrett responded that the PALS infrastructure was in place for the applications. He said the technicians will have the year to register and do not have to do it first thing when it goes into effect. He will check with Acting Commissioner Claggett to see if there were plans in place, but the issue is that there is not currently an existing licensed population to send out an email blast. He stated notices could be put on the Board's website, and as issues arise, a FAQ area with common issues could be added to the site.

Larry Jones, Pennsylvania Society of HealthSystem Pharmacists, suggested that perhaps the list
of licensed pharmacies could be a starting point for
an email blast, because technicians are in those
pharmacies.

Mr. Jones posed a question about the child abuse regulation and if the course was going to a part of the initial submission due to the timing of the regulations. Mr. Barrett responded that the initial three-hour CE course requirement will start July 1,

2025, and expire in 2027. The timelines will be considered with the renewal cycle, but the child abuse requirement is a General Assembly requirement.

Another question was posed as to whether the technicians would be able to register online starting on July 1. Mr. Barrett believed PALS is set up to just push a button to make the application active. It was reemphasized to report any issues so they can quickly be addressed.]

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Report of Board Counsel - Regulatory Report - 16A-5427 - General Revisions - Proposed Annex
[Marc Farrell, Esquire, Regulatory Counsel, Office of Chief Counsel, Department of State, discussed 16A-5427 - General Revision - Proposed Annex. He stated the entire chapter of regulations was split into three parts, which were dealt with separately. The changes from those discussions were brought back to the Board in the last two Board meetings on March 3, 2025, and April 29, 2025, which then produced the consolidated annex circulated on June 4 reflecting the changes discussed.

He discussed the comments from the Pennsylvania Society of Health-System Pharmacists (PSHP), the overview of which noted their opposition to having

any jurisprudence exam requirement.

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Chair Roussel noted discussions in open regulatory sessions regarding the exam and considering the use of the Multistate Jurisprudence Exam (MPJE) or the Unified Jurisprudence Exam (UPJE).

Jill Rebuck, Executive Director, Pennsylvania Society of Health-System Pharmacists, stated the PSHP respected the Board's decision, but wanted to go on record for opposing, which is consistent with their national organization, the American Society of Health-System Pharmacists. She explained the reason for the opposition is to increase interstate practice flexibility, to support ongoing education of the workforce, pertinent federal and state laws, and to acknowledge that it is a professional obligation of their workforce to practice in compliance with federal and state laws. She mentioned that Governor Shapiro has talked about the shortage being a priority and the desire to ease the process for medical professionals to work in Pennsylvania. She also noted the inability to locate data that reflected that a pharmacist's ignorance was against the law.

Mr. Farrell stated the next comment submitted was from the Lake Erie College of Osteopathic Medicine,

which does support the jurisprudence exam.

Mr. Reed stated there are five states or territories that do not require the exam; Alaska, Idaho, Michigan, Vermont and the Virgin Islands.

Chair Roussel stated that fewer pharmacy students are graduating each year, and there is the concern of finding willing pharmacists who want to work. She said another topic of discussion is when reviewing the disciplines of the Board's licensees, some do not know the requirement to report pharmacy location changes, which is low level discipline.

Mr. Barrett questioned if it was going to be a controversial issue in the pharmacy education sphere and examination sphere to change to the uniform examination or if they alter the method. He was concerned that the general revisions package was not the time or place to make potentially controversial changes since the controversial issues tend to weigh down the non-controversial issues. He added the Board would have to provide rationale to IRRC to explain any changes to the exam.

Chair Roussel noted two Board members were not at the meeting, and one definitely has stronger opinions on the exam topic. She suggested going to the UPJE and then as more states jump on to eliminate the

- 1 exam, the Board could further discuss the issue.
- 2 | IRRC would require more discussion if the Board
- 3 eliminated the exam, and more letters would be
- 4 received by the Board.
- 5 Mr. Barrett concurred and said there would be
- 6 people on both sides of the table, which is why the
- 7 Board would need to be prepared to explain its
- 8 decision. He reiterated that leaving it in the
- 9 general revisions would slow down its progress, but
- 10 at some point, the Board would have to develop a
- 11 record of considering the topic.
- 12 Chair Roussel questioned where the topic would
- 13 lie on the controversy meter. MPJE versus the UPJE
- 14 | will not be very exciting. No exam versus exam would
- 15 likely cause excitement. The Pharmacy Board is not
- 16 the only Board in Pennsylvania that requires multiple
- 17 | exams.
- 18 Chair Roussel also stated the most recent update
- 19 has moved to a universal jurisprudence exam, and then
- 20 the Board may require additional Pennsylvania
- 21 | specific training, such as an additional two-hour CE.
- 22 The CE probably has more value than students taking a
- 23 universal law exam.
- Ms. Rebuck stated the concern was that a
- 25 | Pennsylvania specific requirement on top of the exam

would create another cog in the wheel. She explained 1 2 that many pharmacists are practicing in multiple 3 states, sometimes even on the same day. Going to the UPJE does not necessarily mean that the bordering 4 5 states will also use it as their exam. She further 6 noted discussions of dropping the exam entirely in 7 the coming years, which is the eventual realistic She also questioned the idea of Pennsylvania specific training on top of the UPJE as 10 more work for tracking and for the pharmacist to

Chair Roussel asked Mr. Farrell what the other sticking issues were in the current regulatory package.

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complete.

Mr. Farrell discussed the Board requiring evidence of additional Pennsylvania training may have created a gray area that covered most of the bases but allowed for future growth and expansion that could work for a number of different scenarios.

Mr. Reed shared his experience of starting in Arizona and how back then one knew that they were not going to practice in California unless they actually went to California. He also stated many people got licensed in surrounding states with a two-year reciprocity to New York to avoid the extra wet lab

requirement in New York.

Ms. Trimmer noted in the chat Scott Young had posted that Illinois had passed a resolution urging the removal of the MPJE, and New Hampshire is discussing it.

Mr. Barrett stated that none of Pennsylvania's surrounding states have removed the exam. Even if Pennsylvania removed it, it would not help with portability between states.

Chair Roussel stated the main concern is being able to have pharmacists come to Pennsylvania or remote in to help, if needed. She added, if the person took the UPJE and Pennsylvania accepted the UPJE, it would be portable. However, if the applicant did not take the exam and Pennsylvania only had a CE requirement, it would be easier to complete to practice in Pennsylvania.

Mr. Barrett reviewed the regulatory language. The Board may entertain additional discussion regarding the  $\operatorname{exam}$ .

Chair Roussel questioned if an online three credit CE would count as an exam if the topic was jurisprudence.

Mr. Barrett responded that the administrative code requires that an exam be administered by a

contracted third party.

Larry Jones, Pennsylvania Society of Health-System Pharmacists, questioned why the test at the end of the CE would not be an exam.

Chair Roussel responded it was not considered an exam because of the lack of third-party observation. She questioned Mr. Farrell as to what would happen if the Board approved the current edits to the regulatory package for submission, but when the package came back to the Board, if it could make changes to eliminate the exam.

Mr. Farrell stated it would likely take a while to write the rest of the package, so in the hypothetical situation posed by Chair Roussel, the Board could put the brakes on the package until it gets to the IRRC. He added, once the package is at IRRC, the scope of the package cannot be broadened.

Mr. Jones shared his experience at Temple where they reviewed law for one hour a week and then took an exam at the end of the semester. He stated, at the time, the exam satisfied Pennsylvania law. He noted prior discussion about taking the exam early or a state dedicated exam. Mr. Barrett questioned the uniformity of Mr. Jones' experience and who would develop such a test. Mr. Jones stated perhaps a

couple of entities could come together as a third party to develop the test.

Chair Roussel stated there are many psychometrics that go into testing, so she would not be in favor of them creating their own Pennsylvania state test. The Board should use the exam from NABP plus or minus a CE if it would want. There would be a logistical barrier. She elaborated that offering to let students take it in their last year allows the student to be supported by their school, and it will also help allow them to move to any state if it is a requirement of graduation.

Mr. Reed conveyed his opinion that if the Board pushed the regulation through as currently written, that would also give the Board time to collect data from states that have eliminated the exam. He stated they could ask if there are more issues from a statutory perspective in those states. the Board COULD have leverage with IRRC if it could say that these states eliminated the exam and there had not been an increase in prosecutions across those states.

Mr. Farrell added there was no language in the regulation about taking the exam early. Chair Roussel stated the regulation should state that if the student is eligible to go out on Advanced

Pharmacy Practice Experience (APPE) rotations, then they should be eligible to sit for the UPJE.

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Mr. Farrell asked if that would have to be approved by NABP, and the language might have to read "assuming that it is approved by the provider."

Chair Roussel added that sitting early for the exam is not happening in Pennsylvania right now due to the existing regulations.

Jon Ference, Pharm.D, Wilkes University, shared that the Nesbitt School of Pharmacy at Wilkes University is in favor of eliminating the jurisprudence exam entirely; however, they recognize the Board's pragmatic approach and view the UPJE as a step in the right direction. He offered the language, "the Pharmacy jurisprudence examination identified by the Board will be available for administration anytime during the professional phase for the Doctor of Pharmacy program as deemed appropriate by the individual colleges or schools of pharmacy," as possible language the Board could use for the regulation to allow students to sit early. This would also allow students to separate the preparation for NAPLEX from the preparation for the jurisprudence exam.

Ms. Rebuck added the suggested verbiage came out

of a forum that PSHP hosted for all seven schools of pharmacy. She further added that PSHP did not come up with the language but did assist the schools by helping them come together.

Mr. Barrett questioned the idea of delegating that much authority to individual schools as there might be a different standard at each school.

Ms. Rebuck suggested alternate verbiage that a few schools had been agreeable with, which stated "The pharmacy jurisprudence examination identified by the Board will be available for administration anytime during the professional phase of the Doctor of Pharmacy program after didactics are completed and students are eligible for APEE rotations." She added this provides a specific definition.

Mr. Barrett stated the Board would have to define each one of the terms, so there was a discrete definition. Certain schools might define different phases of education differently. He stated ultimately the language will need to be interpreted, possibly by NABP, in terms of what exam is being granted.

Ms. Trimmer stated Kimberly Burns, R.Ph., J.D., School of Pharmacy, Lake Erie College of Osteopathic Medicine, posted in the chat that the NABP is

offering it. The NAPB offers it for states that reach out to them. Ms. Burns added there are pilot schools offering it during the APEE year.

Chair Roussel stated North Dakota was one of the pilot states, and she had asked a Board member there about the language. They were unable to share wording, because it is a pilot program and not written into their regulations yet. They were also unable to provide any pilot statements for the program.

Chair Roussel agreed that the Board should revisit the licensing language in July. She will provide formal written requests to try to determine specific language used. She summarized that the Board basically has options such as students taking the UPJE early with CE or the release of the law completely but using an associated CE. She acknowledged that the Board heard the concern surrounding the CE. The Board will also look at the specific wording for state students taking the exam as six-year students.

Mr. Farrell conveyed that the annex seems informal, but he will be presenting a more scaled back version with just the essentials that will more like a traditional annex.

He directed the Board to the area where the definition of drug order was struck out, but now may stay but be corrected to MPJE.

Mr. Farrell referenced the language, "and performs functions such as the prospective drug review," that was removed. "Pharmacy manager" was changed to "pharmacist in charge". He stated this change was made throughout the document. The word "owner" was also added.

Mr. Farrell next directed the Board to the 27.12 practice of pharmacy and delegation of duties, pharmacy intern subsection (c)(2) adds in "This restriction does not apply to any break 30 minutes of less which the pharmacist may take." There was discussion if it should reference back to the provision that allows pharmacists to take a break so they decided to possibly add "so pursuant to...". Mr. Farrell said the same language would be used with regard to pharmacy technician trainees. He noted a comment about the immunization issue, and it was decided to deal with it in the final amendment or rulemaking.

Mr. Farrell noted a change to strike the word "written" prior to the word "protocol". He discussed the verbiage relative to the size of the pharmacy

counter. He stated the language was struck out regarding the counter length if two pharmacists were working at the same time.

On page 23, the word "dilaudid" was changed to "hydromorphone". Mr. Farrell discussed language that would echo the language from the beginning part of subsection one.

Mr. Farrell stated the language was added "except non-patient specific medications when being vended from central automation or an automated dispensing cabinet." He stated that "or electronic" was added and "A written" was changed to "An". He added that on page 31 "or video" was added.

Mr. Farrell directed everyone to the pharmacist section 27.21. The discussion originally was to strike the language about "B.S." and just leave "Doctor of Pharmacy or other," but he was concerned about possible hypothetical situations.

Mr. Farrell requested the Board revisit the language about 1983 and the FDLE. He asked if they could eliminate the language surrounding the FDLE since it does not exist anymore. There was a discussion where Ms. Trimer pointed out that she still occasionally receives applications that prompted a conversation with NABP. She specifically

- 1 | mentioned an application where the applicant did not
- 2 have proof that they had taken the FDLE. Their Board
- 3 of Pharmacy gave Ms. Trimmer the microfilm that
- 4 showed the test was not taken, so the applicant had
- 5 to sit for the law exam in Pennsylvania. Mr.
- 6 Barrett pointed out that it could also be a
- 7 reciprocity issue if someone was licensed in maybe
- 8 | California but decided to retire close to family in
- 9 Pennsylvania but also still wanted to work.
- Mr. Ference noted, on page 36, he did the math
- 11 wrong regarding college credits and it should read
- 12 "48 college credits" not "60 college credits". The
- 13 same change would also need to happen on page 37.
- Mr. Farrell stated on page 37, there were three
- 15 areas struck out (d)(1), (d)(2) and (d)(3). Those
- 16 | area would say "{Reserved}" instead of striking them
- 17 out in their entirety so that (d)(4) would not be
- 18 renumbered and confuse other regulations that refer
- 19 to it.
- 20 Mr. Farrell moved on to the top of page 60 where
- 21 he incorporated a change in the language based on
- 22 | what he thought was agreed upon in the meetings
- 23 dealing with testing and validation. He stated that
- 24 the old language about the automated medication
- 25 system was replaced with "included the manufacturer's

- name and model, if applicable, and included a 1 2 description of how the system is used, consistent 3 with the pharmacy's internal policies and 4 procedures." He added that subsection (3) on the 5 same page was modified to add for medication system 6 "records, electronic data kept by the automated 7 medication system and any corresponding policies readily" in reference to Board inspection. 8 9 Mr. Farrell stated the section related to the 10 testing and validations of systems the language "is 11 working within vendor-specified operations, including---" was added. Discussion was had if it 12 13 should read "vendor-specified" or "manufacturer-14 specified". The question was also raised if it
- 17 "or".

  18 Mr. Farrell conveyed that there was a comment on
  19 page 73 that the language in subsection (f) was
  20 unclear. Ms. Rebuck responded that the language was
  21 as intended, because it was added to match the Act
  22 for clarity.

should be "or," "and," or "or/and". It was decided

that both vendor and manufacturer would be used with

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Mr. Farrell wanted to confirm that he has subsection (10) correct as he thought perhaps the phrase "pharmacist leaders with administrative

authority" needed to be defined or if it should be a 1 2 more generic term. There was debate on if the IRRC 3 would ask for it to be defined. Mr. Barrett stated the confusion was with whatever term was selected to 4 5 be after pharmacist and whatever the Board chose 6 would need to be defined to stated that role was 7 different from that of a regular pharmacist. decided that the phrase "pharmacists with administrative authority over the practice site" 10 would be the best language to use to convey the 11 meaning without having to define what the language 12 meant.

Mr. Farrell stated that the Board discussed submitting electronically and batch files. He asked Ms. Trimmer her thoughts on it, and she discussed getting to a point where everything was completed electronically with no one needing to lay hands on paper.

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There was additional discussion about removing the phrase "batch file" as it could quickly become an outdated term. Ms. Rebuck stated her main concern with removing the language was that individual files and information would have to be submitted instead of a larger batch of files at one time. After discussion, it was decided that the phrase "aggregate"

file" might be a better choice then "batch file," but that the intent was still the same.

Mr. Farrell stated the last revision was subsection (f). It was an entirely new section being added based on language brought up by Mr. Jones in a previous meeting. He read the section to say "In accordance with 28 Pa. Code \$107.64 (relating to administration of drugs) and any applicable bylaws, rules and regulations of and institution's medical staff, a pharmacy operating with the institution shall submit all proposed services to be provided by authorized pharmacists, pharmacy interns, pharmacy technicians and pharmacy technician trainees, to the institution's medical staff or pharmacy committee for approval." Mr. Jones agreed with the language.

Mr. Farrell will pare everything down for the next meeting. The requests were made for him to focus on the pharmacist in charge, the MPJE section, and making sure a sentence was added about students during their APPE.

Mr. Jones added that the child abuse issue about timing for technicians solves itself, because even though the initial certification is a three year, it expires in two years so the first three-year cycle will automatically drop in for 2029. Mr. Barrett

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   said it will still rely on when they initially apply.
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        Chair Roussel asked if Mr. Barrett thought the
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   Board needed to publish FAQs related to the pharmacy
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   technician training. She suggested it would be
   helpful since pharmacy technicians have a wide
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   variety of educational backgrounds and because there
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   are people who have never been licensed before.
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        Mr. Barrett will discuss the matter with Acting
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   Commissioner Claggett.
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        Mr. Farrell hoped, with the next meeting on July
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   29th, he could bring back the regulations to be voted
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   on by the Board. He was asked by Ms. Rebuck if he
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   could give a best-case scenario for the regulations
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   to be fully in effect. He stated, given the steps it
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   still needed to go through, possibly between one and
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   two years.]
                              * * *
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   Adjournment
   CHAIR ROUSSEL:
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                Is there a motion to adjourn?
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   MR. REED:
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                Motion to adjourn.
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   MR. EATON:
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                  Second.
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[There being no further business, the State Board of Pharmacy Meeting adjourned at 1:35 p.m.]

\* \* \*

## CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing summary minutes of the State Board of Pharmacy meeting, was reduced to writing by me or under my supervision and the minutes accurately summarize the substance of the State Board of Pharmacy meeting.

Erin Badstuebner,

Minute Clerk

Sargent's Court Reporting
Service, Inc.

		58
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY REFERENCE INDEX
		June 17, 2025
	TIME	AGENDA
	9:00 10:40	Executive Session Return to Open Session
	10:40	Official Call to Order
	10:41	Introduction of Board Members/Attendees
	10:45	Approval of Minutes
	10:45	Report of Board Prosecution
	11:02	Report of Board Counsel
	11:05	Review of Applications
24 25	11:07	Report of Board Counsel (cont.)
26 27	11:08	Report of Chairperson
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	11:13	Report of Acting Commissioner
	11:17	Report of Executive Secretary
	11:25	Discussion
	12:01	Public Comments
	12:03	Report of Regulatory Counsel
	1:35	Adjournment
39 40 41		
42 43		
44 45		
46 47		
48 49		
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