

Pennsylvania 2023-2024 Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) Case and Demographic Data

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Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	132,070	32,160	1,520	9,040	21,610	99,900	43,710	1,330	1,830	9,280	33,990	7,960	1,810	--
Sex:														
Male	76,470	26,890	1,310	8,840	16,750	49,580	28,640	1,030	1,010	6,970	6,630	3,970	1,330	--
Female	54,360	5,170	210	--	4,790	49,190	14,480	290	820	2,290	26,840	3,990	480	--
Age:														
14 to 15	120	--	--	--	--	120	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	4,650	940	40	280	630	3,710	1,510	--	90	680	500	820	--	--
20 to 24	15,800	3,860	210	1,670	1,980	11,940	6,190	--	390	880	3,030	1,270	80	--
25 to 34	27,600	6,780	350	1,830	4,600	20,820	9,500	170	110	2,320	6,420	1,990	310	--
35 to 44	25,630	6,480	200	2,530	3,750	19,140	8,070	230	400	2,260	6,810	1,080	290	--
45 to 54	23,960	5,770	340	1,360	4,070	18,190	7,650	400	160	1,660	6,750	1,000	570	--
55 to 64	22,880	5,510	310	1,100	4,100	17,380	7,430	350	630	840	6,700	1,020	410	--
65 and over	6,990	970	60	200	700	6,020	2,560	70	40	550	2,240	510	--	--
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	14,590	3,130	160	960	2,000	11,460	4,830	--	120	1,680	3,400	1,250	--	--
3 to 11 months	30,100	7,000	300	1,370	5,330	23,100	10,890	170	180	2,400	7,070	1,930	460	--
1 to 5 years	47,430	12,630	620	4,200	7,810	34,810	15,240	150	870	3,400	11,710	3,060	380	--
More than 5 years	38,510	9,240	400	2,480	6,370	29,270	12,200	1,000	650	1,750	11,240	1,640	790	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	50,770	16,040	320	5,990	9,720	34,730	12,370	540	680	3,740	13,490	2,970	940	--
Black only	8,980	1,150	--	250	880	7,830	1,730	--	770	290	4,320	460	250	--
Hispanic or Latino only	9,650	3,820	410	710	2,690	5,830	2,640	--	70	1,300	940	670	220	--
Asian only	630	180	--	--	150	440	150	--	--	--	170	110	--	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	130	--	--	--	--	60	30	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	230	--	--	--	--	220	70	--	--	--	60	--	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	140	--	--	--	--	120	90	--	--	--	40	--	--	--
Multi-race	90	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Not reported	61,460	10,870	760	2,050	8,060	50,590	26,590	790	310	3,840	14,940	3,730	400	--

¹ Cases involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) are the sum of cases with days away from work (DAFW) and cases involving only days of job transfer or restriction (DJTR). Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which may also include days of job transfer or restriction. Days of job transfer or restriction cases include those that result in only days of job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

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⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies. January 22, 2026

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART)¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Sex:															
Male	57.9	83.6	86.2	97.8	77.5	49.6	65.5	77.4	55.2	75.1	19.5	49.9	73.5	--	
Female	41.2	16.1	13.8	--	22.2	49.2	33.1	21.8	44.8	24.7	79.0	50.1	26.5	--	
Age:															
14 to 15	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
16 to 19	3.5	2.9	2.6	3.1	2.9	3.7	3.5	--	4.9	7.3	1.5	10.3	--	--	
20 to 24	12.0	12.0	13.8	18.5	9.2	12.0	14.2	--	21.3	9.5	8.9	16.0	4.4	--	
25 to 34	20.9	21.1	23.0	20.2	21.3	20.8	21.7	12.8	6.0	25.0	18.9	25.0	17.1	--	
35 to 44	19.4	20.1	13.2	28.0	17.4	19.2	18.5	17.3	21.9	24.4	20.0	13.6	16.0	--	
45 to 54	18.1	17.9	22.4	15.0	18.8	18.2	17.5	30.1	8.7	17.9	19.9	12.6	31.5	--	
55 to 64	17.3	17.1	20.4	12.2	19.0	17.4	17.0	26.3	34.4	9.1	19.7	12.8	22.7	--	
65 and over	5.3	3.0	3.9	2.2	3.2	6.0	5.9	5.3	2.2	5.9	6.6	6.4	--	--	
Length of service with employer:															
Less than 3 months	11.0	9.7	10.5	10.6	9.3	11.5	11.1	--	6.6	18.1	10.0	15.7	--	--	
3 to 11 months	22.8	21.8	19.7	15.2	24.7	23.1	24.9	12.8	9.8	25.9	20.8	24.2	25.4	--	
1 to 5 years	35.9	39.3	40.8	46.5	36.1	34.8	34.9	11.3	47.5	36.6	34.5	38.4	21.0	--	
More than 5 years	29.2	28.7	26.3	27.4	29.5	29.3	27.9	75.2	35.5	18.9	33.1	20.6	43.6	--	
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :															
White only	38.4	49.9	21.1	66.3	45.0	34.8	28.3	40.6	37.2	40.3	39.7	37.3	51.9	--	
Black only	6.8	3.6	--	2.8	4.1	7.8	4.0	--	42.1	3.1	12.7	5.8	13.8	--	
Hispanic or Latino only	7.3	11.9	27.0	7.9	12.4	5.8	6.0	--	3.8	14.0	2.8	8.4	12.2	--	
Asian only	.5	.6	--	--	.7	.4	.3	--	--	--	.5	1.4	--	--	
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.1	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	.2	--	--	--	--	.2	.2	--	--	--	.2	--	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino and other race	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.2	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	
Multi-race	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	
Not reported	46.5	33.8	50.0	22.7	37.3	50.6	60.8	59.4	16.9	41.4	44.0	46.9	22.1	--	

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Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	132,070	32,160	1,520	9,040	21,610	99,900	43,710	1,330	1,830	9,280	33,990	7,960	1,810	--
Occupation group not classified	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Management occupations	2,090	180	--	120	50	1,910	340	--	190	70	1,160	100	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	710	--	--	--	50	430	140	--	60	--	130	40	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	60	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	20	--	20	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	370	80	--	--	80	280	--	--	--	260	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	330	60	--	--	60	270	--	--	--	150	110	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	990	--	--	--	--	990	--	--	--	--	990	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational instruction and library occupations	1,360	--	--	--	--	1,360	--	--	--	--	1,320	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1,100	--	--	--	--	1,090	30	70	--	50	20	890	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	10,390	--	--	--	--	10,380	190	--	--	550	9,640	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations	12,210	--	--	--	--	12,200	--	--	--	160	12,010	--	--	--
Protective service occupations	1,330	20	--	--	--	1,310	170	--	--	470	380	270	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7,480	--	--	--	--	7,470	1,610	--	--	30	1,410	4,370	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5,390	150	--	--	140	5,230	220	--	160	2,160	1,920	750	--	--
Personal care and service occupations	3,110	--	--	--	--	3,110	230	--	--	--	2,140	340	400	--
Sales and related occupations	6,970	70	--	--	50	6,890	6,620	--	--	--	80	60	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	3,810	570	--	--	540	3,230	1,270	--	450	330	900	60	60	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	640	630	630	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations	7,840	7,040	420	5,850	770	810	330	--	--	80	320	20	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	12,840	4,030	120	2,270	1,630	8,810	3,770	920	860	--	740	680	840	--
Production occupations	15,530	13,770	70	160	13,540	1,760	850	60	--	--	240	70	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	37,280	5,150	200	340	4,610	32,130	27,850	30	60	3,290	440	250	210	--
Occupation group not reported	170	80	--	--	50	90	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--

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Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART)¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	132,070	32,160	1,520	9,040	21,610	99,900	43,710	1,330	1,830	9,280	33,990	7,960	1,810	--	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	14,180	2,660	--	--	2,640	11,510	10,390	--	40	830	110	120	--	--	
Stockers and order fillers	7,220	150	--	--	130	7,070	6,770	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	6,100	810	130	240	440	5,290	4,120	--	--	1,060	--	--	100	--	
Nursing assistants	5,160	--	--	--	--	5,160	--	--	--	--	5,160	--	--	--	
Personal care aides	4,740	--	--	--	--	4,740	--	--	--	--	4,740	--	--	--	
Registered nurses	3,860	--	--	--	--	3,860	--	--	--	--	3,780	--	--	--	
Retail salespersons	3,650	--	--	--	--	3,650	3,610	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	
Maintenance and repair workers, general	3,460	990	--	--	930	2,470	300	--	470	320	610	590	180	--	
Construction laborers	3,320	3,210	--	2,780	400	120	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Light truck drivers	3,280	30	--	--	--	3,260	3,180	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,970	--	--	--	--	1,970	--	--	160	--	1,240	560	--	--	
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	1,890	1,750	--	1,740	--	140	120	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	
Food preparation workers	1,800	--	--	--	--	1,800	1,180	--	--	--	50	560	--	--	
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	1,720	--	--	--	--	1,720	1,660	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Childcare workers	1,640	--	--	--	--	1,640	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	1,560	--	--	--	--	1,560	--	--	--	1,350	120	80	--	--	
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,470	150	--	--	140	1,320	210	--	--	550	460	90	--	--	
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	1,410	--	--	--	--	1,410	--	--	--	--	1,400	--	--	--	
Carpenters	1,170	970	--	800	170	--	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	
Industrial truck and tractor operators	1,170	290	--	--	280	870	580	--	--	300	--	--	--	--	
Packers and packagers, hand	950	580	--	--	580	370	340	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Welding, soldering, and brazing machine setters, operators, and tenders	910	900	--	--	900	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	910	820	--	--	810	90	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	890	--	--	--	--	890	--	--	--	--	130	650	--	--	
Machinists	870	860	--	--	830	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Fast food and counter workers	850	--	--	--	--	850	200	--	--	--	40	620	--	--	

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Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART)¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	132,070	32,160	1,520	9,040	21,610	99,900	43,710	1,330	1,830	9,280	33,990	7,960	1,810	--
Nature of injury, illness ⁵ :														
Fractures	8,890	2,950	90	1,040	1,820	5,940	2,180	200	460	520	1,780	530	260	--
Sprains, strains, tears	52,010	10,350	380	2,170	7,790	41,660	20,260	460	300	3,480	14,280	2,290	590	--
Amputations involving bone loss	90	80	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures without injury to internal structures	13,510	5,250	190	1,730	3,320	8,270	3,460	30	370	1,180	1,470	1,460	310	--
Abrasions	550	90	--	--	60	450	120	60	--	140	100	20	--	--
Bruises, contusions	14,070	2,830	170	780	1,880	11,240	5,960	80	--	480	3,960	630	--	--
Chemical burns, corrosions	450	220	--	--	150	230	--	--	--	100	30	30	--	--
Thermal burns	2,040	370	--	--	300	1,670	600	--	--	--	360	400	--	--
Soreness, swelling, inflammation	3,320	650	--	--	450	2,670	1,050	30	--	310	1,050	190	--	--
Carpal tunnel (CTS)	430	150	--	--	110	280	60	--	30	--	--	160	--	--
Tendonitis and related	760	420	--	--	390	340	170	50	--	--	60	60	--	--
Coronavirus--novel	4,270	--	--	--	--	4,260	160	--	60	--	3,830	--	--	--
Post COVID-19 condition	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	2,960	760	50	180	540	2,200	740	--	--	450	770	200	--	--
Part of body affected ⁵ :														
Head	9,360	2,360	120	850	1,390	7,000	2,640	90	--	690	2,550	710	270	--
Eye(s)	2,410	1,130	60	--	440	1,280	570	--	--	--	260	--	190	--
Neck	1,770	230	--	140	80	1,530	570	50	340	--	510	30	--	--
Trunk	25,140	5,180	280	1,390	3,500	19,970	10,410	280	100	1,270	6,700	1,090	--	--
Exterior and musculoskeletal structures of the back	19,200	3,810	240	980	2,590	15,390	7,760	180	90	960	5,730	630	--	--
Upper extremities	49,080	15,900	730	4,190	10,980	33,180	15,740	540	790	3,340	8,650	3,260	860	--
Shoulder(s), clavicle(s), scapula(e)	12,040	3,020	220	910	1,880	9,020	5,030	40	--	1,040	2,370	440	--	--
Arm(s)	7,060	1,900	100	290	1,510	5,160	2,150	80	360	480	1,260	440	380	--
Wrist(s)	6,210	1,800	40	550	1,210	4,410	1,870	90	70	520	1,400	440	--	--
Hand(s), finger(s)	20,730	8,260	280	2,290	5,700	12,470	5,810	200	340	1,020	2,860	1,890	340	--
Lower extremities	29,920	5,870	230	1,400	4,240	24,040	11,210	280	400	2,370	7,290	2,140	360	--
Knee(s)	9,480	1,870	70	530	1,270	7,610	3,590	120	40	470	2,440	880	60	--
Ankle(s)	7,180	1,290	50	330	900	5,890	2,680	30	210	640	1,860	390	100	--
Foot (feet), toe(s)	6,640	1,300	30	290	970	5,340	2,800	70	20	790	1,130	480	40	--
Toe(s), toenail(s)	1,170	230	--	--	160	930	520	--	--	50	260	100	--	--
Body systems	6,020	270	--	--	170	5,750	480	--	90	180	4,760	60	140	--
Multiple body parts	9,310	1,880	90	810	990	7,420	2,220	--	40	1,310	3,200	550	--	--
Source of injury, illness ⁵ :														
Chemicals and hazardous materials	960	290	--	--	240	670	230	--	--	130	250	60	--	--
Containers	22,320	4,150	170	430	3,560	18,170	14,190	40	--	910	1,730	1,130	150	--
Utility carts, hand trucks, dollies	2,380	370	--	--	320	2,010	1,360	--	--	--	430	180	--	--

Furniture and fixtures	4,220	670	120	150	400	3,550	1,460	--	--	250	1,500	300	--	--
Machinery	8,350	3,910	170	1,010	2,740	4,440	2,410	80	--	370	740	730	90	--
Parts and materials	15,270	8,020	280	2,770	4,980	7,240	4,210	170	340	1,470	530	320	--	--
Activities and conditions of injured, ill worker	8,200	2,330	60	600	1,670	5,870	2,660	200	60	460	1,530	880	80	--
Person--other than injured or ill worker	11,330	60	--	--	50	11,270	200	--	--	90	10,690	170	--	--
Student, patient, charge	10,480	--	--	--	--	10,480	--	--	--	20	10,370	--	50	--
Ground, travel, and support surfaces	22,380	3,850	280	960	2,610	18,530	6,680	100	740	1,620	7,240	1,870	280	--
Handtools	8,020	3,930	110	1,180	2,640	4,090	1,620	90	320	510	760	720	--	--
Portable ladders and stairs	2,350	810	40	420	350	1,540	650	320	--	230	170	50	--	--
Trucks	3,280	760	30	510	220	2,520	1,810	--	--	600	70	--	20	--
Event or exposure ⁵ :														
Violent acts	3,930	30	--	--	--	3,900	130	--	--	--	3,650	30	--	--
Violent acts by other person	3,890	30	--	--	--	3,860	90	--	--	--	3,650	30	--	--
Transportation incidents	5,190	650	40	330	270	4,540	2,480	80	--	1,040	720	140	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	2,970	340	--	250	70	2,630	1,030	80	--	760	610	90	--	--
Explosions and fires	50	40	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	31,110	6,330	370	2,100	3,850	24,780	10,280	380	800	2,300	8,440	2,110	450	--
Fall to lower level	5,680	1,820	50	1,010	770	3,870	1,830	230	140	620	720	230	--	--
Slip, trip, stumble while stepping between levels	5,660	1,030	60	310	670	4,630	2,540	20	110	290	1,350	260	--	--
Slip, trip, stumble or fall on same level	19,590	3,480	270	790	2,410	16,110	5,770	130	560	1,400	6,370	1,610	280	--
Exposure to harmful substances, environments	9,550	1,150	140	230	790	8,400	1,310	--	380	590	5,430	540	--	--
Contact incidents	36,430	13,410	530	4,030	8,850	23,030	11,530	240	420	2,220	5,090	2,850	690	--
Contact with other person or animal, nonviolent or intent unknown	2,550	--	40	--	50	2,420	370	--	--	480	1,200	140	--	--
Struck by propelled, falling, collapsing, or suspended objects or materials	9,140	3,120	160	920	2,040	6,020	3,260	--	--	650	1,160	770	150	--
Struck, caught, or compressed by running powered equipment	3,810	2,280	50	260	1,970	1,530	990	--	--	90	140	--	--	--
Contact with non-running objects or equipment	20,570	7,790	270	2,790	4,730	12,780	6,680	180	350	1,000	2,560	1,710	300	--
Overexertion, repetitive motion, and bodily conditions	44,780	10,340	430	2,270	7,640	34,440	17,630	580	200	3,040	10,480	2,030	460	--
Overexertion while moving or manipulating external object(s)	35,000	7,330	380	1,630	5,320	27,680	14,670	340	100	2,370	8,850	970	380	--
Repetitive microtasks	2,820	1,370	--	90	1,270	1,450	720	60	40	--	160	300	--	--

¹ Cases involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) are the sum of cases with days away from work (DAFW) and cases involving only days of job transfer or restriction (DJTR). Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which may also include days of job transfer or restriction. Days of job transfer or restriction cases include those that result in only days of job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) version 3 implemented for 2023 data forward. For complete information on the OIICS Version used in this year, see the OIICS manual page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/occupational-injuries-and-illnesses-classification-manual.htm>.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 22, 2026

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART)¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Nature of injury, illness ⁵ :															
Fractures	6.7	9.2	5.9	11.5	8.4	5.9	5.0	15.0	25.1	5.6	5.2	6.7	14.4	--	--
Sprains, strains, tears	39.4	32.2	25.0	24.0	36.0	41.7	46.4	34.6	16.4	37.5	42.0	28.8	32.6	--	--
Amputations involving bone loss	.1	.2	--	--	.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures without injury to internal structures	10.2	16.3	12.5	19.1	15.4	8.3	7.9	2.3	20.2	12.7	4.3	18.3	17.1	--	--
Abrasions	.4	.3	--	--	.3	.5	.3	4.5	--	1.5	.3	.3	--	--	--
Bruises, contusions	10.7	8.8	11.2	8.6	8.7	11.3	13.6	6.0	--	5.2	11.7	7.9	--	--	--
Chemical burns, corrosions	.3	.7	--	--	.7	.2	--	--	--	1.1	.1	.4	--	--	--
Thermal burns	1.5	1.2	--	--	1.4	1.7	1.4	--	--	--	1.1	5.0	--	--	--
Soreness, swelling, inflammation	2.5	2.0	--	--	2.1	2.7	2.4	2.3	--	3.3	3.1	2.4	--	--	--
Carpal tunnel (CTS)	.3	.5	--	--	.5	.3	.1	--	1.6	--	--	2.0	--	--	--
Tendonitis and related	.6	1.3	--	--	1.8	.3	.4	3.8	--	--	.2	.8	--	--	--
Coronavirus--novel	3.2	--	--	--	--	4.3	.4	--	3.3	--	11.3	--	--	--	--
Post COVID-19 condition	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	2.2	2.4	3.3	2.0	2.5	2.2	1.7	--	--	4.8	2.3	2.5	--	--	--
Part of body affected ⁵ :															
Head	7.1	7.3	7.9	9.4	6.4	7.0	6.0	6.8	--	7.4	7.5	8.9	14.9	--	--
Eye(s)	1.8	3.5	3.9	--	2.0	1.3	1.3	--	--	--	.8	--	10.5	--	--
Neck	1.3	.7	--	1.5	.4	1.5	1.3	3.8	18.6	--	1.5	.4	--	--	--
Trunk	19.0	16.1	18.4	15.4	16.2	20.0	23.8	21.1	5.5	13.7	19.7	13.7	--	--	--
Exterior and musculoskeletal structures of the back	14.5	11.8	15.8	10.8	12.0	15.4	17.8	13.5	4.9	10.3	16.9	7.9	--	--	--
Upper extremities	37.2	49.4	48.0	46.3	50.8	33.2	36.0	40.6	43.2	36.0	25.4	41.0	47.5	--	--
Shoulder(s), clavicle(s), scapula(e)	9.1	9.4	14.5	10.1	8.7	9.0	11.5	3.0	--	11.2	7.0	5.5	--	--	--
Arm(s)	5.3	5.9	6.6	3.2	7.0	5.2	4.9	6.0	19.7	5.2	3.7	5.5	21.0	--	--
Wrist(s)	4.7	5.6	2.6	6.1	5.6	4.4	4.3	6.8	3.8	5.6	4.1	5.5	--	--	--
Hand(s), finger(s)	15.7	25.7	18.4	25.3	26.4	12.5	13.3	15.0	18.6	11.0	8.4	23.7	18.8	--	--
Lower extremities	22.7	18.3	15.1	15.5	19.6	24.1	25.6	21.1	21.9	25.5	21.4	26.9	19.9	--	--
Knee(s)	7.2	5.8	4.6	5.9	5.9	7.6	8.2	9.0	2.2	5.1	7.2	11.1	3.3	--	--
Ankle(s)	5.4	4.0	3.3	3.7	4.2	5.9	6.1	2.3	11.5	6.9	5.5	4.9	5.5	--	--
Foot (feet), toe(s)	5.0	4.0	2.0	3.2	4.5	5.3	6.4	5.3	1.1	8.5	3.3	6.0	2.2	--	--
Toe(s), toenail(s)	.9	.7	--	--	.7	.9	1.2	--	--	.5	.8	1.3	--	--	--
Body systems	4.6	.8	--	--	.8	5.8	1.1	--	4.9	1.9	14.0	.8	7.7	--	--
Multiple body parts	7.0	5.8	5.9	9.0	4.6	7.4	5.1	--	2.2	14.1	9.4	6.9	--	--	--
Source of injury, illness ⁵ :															
Chemicals and hazardous materials	.7	.9	--	--	1.1	.7	.5	--	--	1.4	.7	.8	--	--	--
Containers	16.9	12.9	11.2	4.8	16.5	18.2	32.5	3.0	--	9.8	5.1	14.2	8.3	--	--

Utility carts, hand trucks, dollies	1.8	1.2	--	--	1.5	2.0	3.1	--	--	--	1.3	2.3	--	--
Furniture and fixtures	3.2	2.1	7.9	1.7	1.9	3.6	3.3	--	--	2.7	4.4	3.8	--	--
Machinery	6.3	12.2	11.2	11.2	12.7	4.4	5.5	6.0	--	4.0	2.2	9.2	5.0	--
Parts and materials	11.6	24.9	18.4	30.6	23.0	7.2	9.6	12.8	18.6	15.8	1.6	4.0	--	--
Activities and conditions of injured, ill worker	6.2	7.2	3.9	6.6	7.7	5.9	6.1	15.0	3.3	5.0	4.5	11.1	4.4	--
Person--other than injured or ill worker	8.6	.2	--	--	.2	11.3	.5	--	--	1.0	31.5	2.1	--	--
Student, patient, charge	7.9	--	--	--	--	10.5	--	--	--	.2	30.5	--	2.8	--
Ground, travel, and support surfaces	16.9	12.0	18.4	10.6	12.1	18.5	15.3	7.5	40.4	17.5	21.3	23.5	15.5	--
Handtools	6.1	12.2	7.2	13.1	12.2	4.1	3.7	6.8	17.5	5.5	2.2	9.0	--	--
Portable ladders and stairs	1.8	2.5	2.6	4.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	24.1	--	2.5	.5	.6	--	--
Trucks	2.5	2.4	2.0	5.6	1.0	2.5	4.1	--	--	6.5	.2	--	1.1	--
Event or exposure ⁵ :														
Violent acts	3.0	.1	--	--	--	3.9	.3	--	--	--	10.7	.4	--	--
Violent acts by other person	2.9	.1	--	--	--	3.9	.2	--	--	--	10.7	.4	--	--
Transportation incidents	3.9	2.0	2.6	3.7	1.2	4.5	5.7	6.0	--	11.2	2.1	1.8	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	2.2	1.1	--	2.8	.3	2.6	2.4	6.0	--	8.2	1.8	1.1	--	--
Explosions and fires	.0	.1	--	--	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	23.6	19.7	24.3	23.2	17.8	24.8	23.5	28.6	43.7	24.8	24.8	26.5	24.9	--
Fall to lower level	4.3	5.7	3.3	11.2	3.6	3.9	4.2	17.3	7.7	6.7	2.1	2.9	--	--
Slip, trip, stumble while stepping between levels	4.3	3.2	3.9	3.4	3.1	4.6	5.8	1.5	6.0	3.1	4.0	3.3	--	--
Slip, trip, stumble or fall on same level	14.8	10.8	17.8	8.7	11.2	16.1	13.2	9.8	30.6	15.1	18.7	20.2	15.5	--
Exposure to harmful substances, environments	7.2	3.6	9.2	2.5	3.7	8.4	3.0	--	20.8	6.4	16.0	6.8	--	--
Contact incidents	27.6	41.7	34.9	44.6	41.0	23.1	26.4	18.0	23.0	23.9	15.0	35.8	38.1	--
Contact with other person or animal, nonviolent or intent unknown	1.9	--	2.6	--	.2	2.4	.8	--	--	5.2	3.5	1.8	--	--
Struck by propelled, falling, collapsing, or suspended objects or materials	6.9	9.7	10.5	10.2	9.4	6.0	7.5	--	--	7.0	3.4	9.7	8.3	--
Struck, caught, or compressed by running powered equipment	2.9	7.1	3.3	2.9	9.1	1.5	2.3	--	--	1.0	.4	--	--	--
Contact with non-running objects or equipment	15.6	24.2	17.8	30.9	21.9	12.8	15.3	13.5	19.1	10.8	7.5	21.5	16.6	--
Overexertion, repetitive motion, and bodily conditions	33.9	32.2	28.3	25.1	35.4	34.5	40.3	43.6	10.9	32.8	30.8	25.5	25.4	--
Overexertion while moving or manipulating external object(s)	26.5	22.8	25.0	18.0	24.6	27.7	33.6	25.6	5.5	25.5	26.0	12.2	21.0	--
Repetitive microtasks	2.1	4.3	--	1.0	5.9	1.5	1.6	4.5	2.2	--	.5	3.8	--	--

¹ Cases involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) are the sum of cases with days away from work (DAFW) and cases involving only days of job transfer or restriction (DJTR). Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which may also include days of job transfer or restriction. Days of job transfer or restriction cases include those that result in only days of job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) version 3 implemented for 2023 data forward. For complete information on the OIICS Version used in this year, see the OIICS manual page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/occupational-injuries-and-illnesses-classification-manual.htm>.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 22, 2026

Table 7. Annualized incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART)² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	151.6	192.2	158.0	183.5	199.1	141.9	238.9	78.3	29.9	61.2	171.4	123.5	63.6	--	
Nature of injury, illness ⁵ :															
Fractures	10.2	17.6	9.1	21.2	16.7	8.4	11.9	11.5	7.6	3.5	9.0	8.3	9.3	--	
Sprains, strains, tears	59.7	61.8	39.6	44.1	71.8	59.2	110.7	26.9	4.9	23.0	72.0	35.6	20.8	--	
Amputations involving bone loss	.1	.5	--	--	.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures without injury to internal structures	15.5	31.3	20.2	35.1	30.6	11.7	18.9	1.5	6.1	7.8	7.4	22.6	10.8	--	
Abrasions	.6	.6	--	--	.5	.6	.6	3.4	--	1.0	.5	.3	--	--	
Bruises, contusions	16.2	16.9	18.1	15.9	17.3	16.0	32.6	4.9	--	3.2	20.0	9.8	--	--	
Chemical burns, corrosions	.5	1.3	--	--	1.4	.3	--	--	--	.6	.1	.5	--	--	
Thermal burns	2.3	2.2	--	--	2.8	2.4	3.3	--	--	--	1.8	6.2	--	--	
Soreness, swelling, inflammation	3.8	3.9	--	--	4.1	3.8	5.7	1.6	--	2.0	5.3	2.9	--	--	
Carpal tunnel (CTS)	.5	.9	--	--	1.0	.4	.3	--	.5	--	--	2.4	--	--	
Tendonitis and related	.9	2.5	--	--	3.6	.5	.9	3.1	--	--	.3	.9	--	--	
Coronavirus--novel	4.9	--	--	--	--	6.0	.9	--	1.0	--	19.3	--	--	--	
Post COVID-19 condition	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	3.4	4.5	4.8	3.6	5.0	3.1	4.0	--	--	3.0	3.9	3.2	--	--	
Part of body affected ⁶ :															
Head	10.7	14.1	12.1	17.3	12.8	9.9	14.4	5.5	--	4.6	12.8	11.0	9.4	--	
Eye(s)	2.8	6.7	5.9	--	4.0	1.8	3.1	--	--	--	1.3	--	6.8	--	
Neck	2.0	1.4	--	2.9	.7	2.2	3.1	3.0	5.6	--	2.6	.5	--	--	
Trunk	28.9	30.9	29.6	28.3	32.2	28.4	56.9	16.3	1.7	8.4	33.8	16.9	--	--	
Exterior and musculoskeletal structures of the back	22.0	22.8	24.6	19.9	23.9	21.9	42.4	10.7	1.5	6.3	28.9	9.8	--	--	
Upper extremities	56.3	95.0	76.2	85.1	101.1	47.1	86.0	31.8	12.9	22.0	43.6	50.6	30.3	--	
Shoulder(s), clavicle(s), scapula(e)	13.8	18.0	23.0	18.6	17.4	12.8	27.5	2.6	--	6.8	12.0	6.9	--	--	
Arm(s)	8.1	11.3	10.2	5.9	13.9	7.3	11.8	4.6	5.9	3.2	6.4	6.9	13.4	--	
Wrist(s)	7.1	10.8	4.3	11.1	11.2	6.3	10.2	5.2	1.1	3.4	7.1	6.8	--	--	
Hand(s), finger(s)	23.8	49.4	29.1	46.5	52.5	17.7	31.8	11.8	5.6	6.7	14.4	29.4	12.1	--	
Lower extremities	34.3	35.1	24.3	28.5	39.0	34.2	61.2	16.5	6.5	15.6	36.7	33.2	12.6	--	
Knee(s)	10.9	11.2	7.7	10.7	11.7	10.8	19.6	7.3	.7	3.1	12.3	13.6	2.1	--	
Ankle(s)	8.2	7.7	5.2	6.8	8.3	8.4	14.6	1.5	3.4	4.2	9.4	6.0	3.5	--	
Foot (feet), toe(s)	7.6	7.8	3.6	6.0	9.0	7.6	15.3	4.0	.4	5.2	5.7	7.5	1.4	--	
Toe(s), toenail(s)	1.3	1.4	--	--	1.4	1.3	2.9	--	--	.3	1.3	1.5	--	--	
Body systems	6.9	1.6	--	--	1.6	8.2	2.6	--	1.4	1.2	24.0	1.0	4.9	--	
Multiple body parts	10.7	11.3	9.1	16.4	9.1	10.5	12.1	--	.7	8.6	16.1	8.6	--	--	
Source of injury, illness ⁶ :															
Chemicals and hazardous materials	1.1	1.7	--	--	2.2	.9	1.3	--	--	.9	1.2	.9	--	--	
Containers	25.6	24.8	17.2	8.7	32.8	25.8	77.5	2.2	--	6.0	8.7	17.5	5.4	--	
Utility carts, hand trucks, dollies	2.7	2.2	--	--	3.0	2.9	7.4	--	--	--	2.2	2.7	--	--	
Furniture and fixtures	4.8	4.0	12.9	3.0	3.7	5.0	8.0	--	--	1.6	7.6	4.7	--	--	

Machinery	9.6	23.4	17.6	20.4	25.2	6.3	13.1	4.8	--	2.5	3.7	11.3	3.3	--
Parts and materials	17.5	47.9	28.7	56.3	45.9	10.3	23.0	10.1	5.6	9.7	2.7	5.0	--	--
Activities and conditions of injured, ill worker	9.4	13.9	5.7	12.2	15.4	8.3	14.5	11.7	1.0	3.0	7.7	13.7	2.7	--
Person--other than injured or ill worker	13.0	.4	--	--	.4	16.0	1.1	--	--	.6	53.9	2.7	--	--
Student, patient, charge	12.0	--	--	--	--	14.9	--	--	--	.1	52.3	--	1.8	--
Ground, travel, and support surfaces	25.7	23.0	29.3	19.4	24.1	26.3	36.5	5.7	12.2	10.7	36.5	29.0	9.7	--
Handtools	9.2	23.5	11.7	23.9	24.4	5.8	8.8	5.1	5.2	3.4	3.8	11.2	--	--
Portable ladders and stairs	2.7	4.8	4.2	8.4	3.3	2.2	3.6	18.8	--	1.5	.8	.8	--	--
Trucks	3.8	4.5	3.3	10.4	2.0	3.6	9.9	--	--	3.9	.4	--	.6	--
Event or exposure ⁶ :														
Violent acts	4.5	.2	--	--	--	5.5	.7	--	--	--	18.4	.4	--	--
Violent acts by other person	4.5	.2	--	--	--	5.5	.5	--	--	--	18.4	.4	--	--
Transportation incidents	6.0	3.9	4.5	6.7	2.5	6.5	13.5	4.7	--	6.9	3.6	2.2	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	3.4	2.0	--	5.1	.7	3.7	5.6	4.7	--	5.0	3.1	1.3	--	--
Explosions and fires	.1	.3	--	--	.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	35.7	37.8	38.9	42.7	35.5	35.2	56.2	22.4	13.1	15.2	42.6	32.7	16.0	--
Fall to lower level	6.5	10.9	4.8	20.4	7.1	5.5	10.0	13.4	2.2	4.1	3.6	3.6	--	--
Slip, trip, stumble while stepping between levels	6.5	6.2	5.9	6.2	6.2	6.6	13.9	1.4	1.7	1.9	6.8	4.0	--	--
Slip, trip, stumble or fall on same level	22.5	20.8	28.2	16.1	22.2	22.9	31.5	7.4	9.2	9.2	32.1	25.0	10.0	--
Exposure to harmful substances, environments	11.0	6.9	14.1	4.6	7.3	11.9	7.1	--	6.3	3.9	27.4	8.4	--	--
Contact incidents	41.8	80.1	55.0	81.8	81.6	32.7	63.0	14.0	6.8	14.6	25.6	44.3	24.3	--
Contact with other person or animal, nonviolent or intent unknown	2.9	--	4.6	--	.4	3.4	2.0	--	--	3.2	6.1	2.2	--	--
Struck by propelled, falling, collapsing, or suspended objects or materials	10.5	18.7	16.8	18.7	18.8	8.6	17.8	--	--	4.3	5.8	11.9	5.1	--
Struck, caught, or compressed by running powered equipment	4.4	13.6	5.0	5.2	18.2	2.2	5.4	--	--	.6	.7	--	--	--
Contact with non-running objects or equipment	23.6	46.5	28.2	56.6	43.6	18.2	36.5	10.5	5.8	6.6	12.9	26.6	10.6	--
Overexertion, repetitive motion, and bodily conditions	51.4	61.8	45.1	46.1	70.4	48.9	96.3	34.4	3.3	20.1	52.9	31.6	16.3	--
Overexertion while moving or manipulating external object(s)	40.2	43.8	39.1	33.2	49.0	39.3	80.2	20.0	1.6	15.6	44.6	15.0	13.4	--
Repetitive microtasks	3.2	8.2	--	1.9	11.7	2.1	3.9	3.6	.7	--	.8	4.6	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference period

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Cases involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) are the sum of cases with days away from work (DAFW) and cases involving only days of job transfer or restriction (DJTR). Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which may also include days of job transfer or restriction. Days of job transfer or restriction cases include those that result in only days of job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁶ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) version 3 implemented for 2023 data forward. For complete information on the OIICS Version used in this year, see the OIICS manual page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/occupational-injuries-and-illnesses-classification-manual.htm>.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 22, 2026

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART)¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	8.7	6.1	11.8	15.7	12.9	8.5	36.4	15
Sex:									
Male	100.0	9.1	6.0	11.9	15.3	13.4	8.0	36.3	15
Female	100.0	7.9	6.2	11.6	16.4	12.4	8.9	36.5	15
Age:									
14 - 15	100.0	16.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	5
16 - 19	100.0	12.5	10.1	15.5	12.5	13.8	7.5	28.4	10
20 - 24	100.0	12.6	7.5	12.7	23.0	12.6	5.9	25.8	9
25 - 34	100.0	10.5	5.9	13.0	17.9	16.1	7.7	28.9	12
35 - 44	100.0	9.4	7.1	12.1	13.8	11.7	7.8	38.0	15
45 - 54	100.0	5.8	5.2	11.4	13.4	13.6	6.8	43.9	21
55 - 64	100.0	6.4	3.8	9.1	13.3	11.5	11.8	44.1	25
65 and over	100.0	5.3	7.2	10.6	14.3	8.3	14.0	40.5	24
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	10.7	6.2	14.7	15.7	12.7	7.0	33.0	13
3 - 11 months	100.0	8.6	5.5	12.8	16.9	15.2	7.4	33.6	14
1 - 5 years	100.0	9.8	7.8	12.0	16.3	12.0	7.7	34.4	13
5 years or more	100.0	6.3	4.5	9.7	14.1	12.5	10.6	42.4	22
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	11.5	7.2	12.0	16.1	11.2	9.2	32.8	13
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	9.7	5.1	10.2	14.6	16.2	6.1	38.0	15
Black or African American	100.0	11.8	9.1	14.9	13.6	10.9	7.2	32.3	11
Asian	100.0	7.9	--	22.2	19.0	15.9	--	31.7	10

American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	--	--	--	17.4	--	--	30.4	10
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	--	--	23.1	--	--	--	--	3
Multi-race	100.0	--	--	--	--	66.7	--	--	15
Hispanic and other	100.0	--	--	--	--	42.9	--	35.7	18

¹ Cases involving days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) are the sum of cases with days away from work (DAFW) and cases involving only days of job transfer or restriction (DJTR). Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which may also include days of job transfer or restriction. Days of job transfer or restriction cases include those that result in only days of job transfer or restriction.

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 22, 2026

Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	78,970	16,670	920	5,270	10,480	62,290	24,450	980	1,480	6,750	22,160	5,030	1,430	--	
Time of event:															
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	2,690	590	20	50	510	2,100	1,200	--	--	330	480	60	--	--	
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	7,240	2,000	150	430	1,430	5,240	2,700	50	--	530	1,650	270	--	--	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	19,470	4,470	280	1,350	2,840	15,000	5,800	280	200	1,690	6,020	810	190	--	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	16,630	3,480	250	1,040	2,190	13,150	4,740	320	1,050	1,410	4,040	1,230	370	--	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	7,610	1,290	90	210	990	6,330	2,860	60	40	320	2,090	890	--	--	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	4,410	850	40	--	790	3,570	1,490	30	--	490	790	590	170	--	
Not reported	20,910	4,000	90	--	1,730	16,910	5,670	--	180	1,990	7,080	1,180	570	--	
Hours on the job before event occurred:															
Occurred before shift began	2,030	100	--	--	100	1,930	190	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	
Less than 1 hour	5,300	1,010	50	190	770	4,300	1,510	--	--	740	1,620	320	--	--	
1 - 2 hours	7,810	1,400	20	380	1,000	6,400	2,890	100	110	320	2,250	680	--	--	
2 - 4 hours	13,650	2,670	120	610	1,940	10,980	4,680	160	40	1,270	3,460	1,000	370	--	
4 - 6 hours	13,830	3,000	100	860	2,040	10,830	4,350	200	710	1,150	3,240	1,100	--	--	
6 - 8 hours	8,870	2,140	--	510	1,610	6,730	2,560	140	360	760	2,150	510	250	--	
8 - 10 hours	4,390	1,490	60	490	940	2,900	1,450	90	--	320	810	140	80	--	
10 - 12 hours	1,700	470	--	--	310	1,230	440	--	--	170	580	40	--	--	
12 - 16 hours	490	30	--	--	30	460	190	--	--	--	230	--	--	--	
More than 16 hours	70	--	--	--	--	70	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	20,820	4,380	440	--	1,750	16,450	6,130	--	180	1,990	6,210	1,160	540	--	
Day of week:															
Sunday	5,010	550	--	70	420	4,460	2,120	50	--	150	1,700	440	--	--	
Monday	13,270	3,070	100	1,010	1,960	10,200	3,940	170	370	1,120	3,610	460	520	--	
Tuesday	13,550	2,810	160	690	1,960	10,740	4,290	120	440	1,180	3,870	600	250	--	
Wednesday	14,580	3,240	160	1,010	2,060	11,340	4,330	270	430	870	4,250	970	220	--	
Thursday	14,690	3,970	150	--	1,930	10,720	3,750	130	180	1,730	3,730	1,000	--	--	
Friday	11,670	2,280	250	540	1,480	9,390	4,100	140	--	1,030	3,010	810	240	--	
Saturday	6,190	760	20	--	680	5,430	1,910	100	--	670	1,990	740	20	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 30, 2026

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2023-2024

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	13.9	9.9	15.4	12.9	9.6	7.4	30.8	10
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00 AM	100.0	11.9	9.7	14.5	12.3	10.4	8.2	33.1	12
4:01AM - 8:00 AM	100.0	12.3	8.4	12.7	11.2	10.8	6.5	38.1	13
8:01AM - 12:00 PM	100.0	14.6	7.9	15.5	10.7	9.3	10.0	31.9	12
12:01PM - 4:00 PM	100.0	13.8	10.3	16.1	12.8	9.9	9.5	27.7	8
4:01PM - 8:00 PM	100.0	11.2	11.0	15.2	12.4	9.1	5.9	35.5	11
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	100.0	13.2	16.3	10.7	16.1	9.5	5.4	28.8	8
Time not reported	100.0	15.5	10.3	16.9	15.2	9.4	4.6	28.0	7
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	--	--	24.1	22.7	6.9	2.0	10.3	5
Less than 1 hour	100.0	11.9	15.7	11.3	11.7	5.8	11.1	32.5	9
1 - 2 hours	100.0	12.9	7.4	16.1	9.6	12.7	11.7	29.6	12
2 - 4 hours	100.0	12.5	10.3	14.4	10.8	9.8	10.0	32.1	12
4 - 6 hours	100.0	17.6	7.2	15.1	13.1	8.2	8.5	30.4	8
6 - 8 hours	100.0	12.7	12.2	14.7	12.9	13.0	4.4	30.1	10
8 - 10 hours	100.0	11.2	11.2	18.0	16.2	7.1	4.6	31.9	7
10 - 12 hours	100.0	12.4	4.7	13.5	11.2	8.8	8.2	40.6	18
12 - 16 hours	100.0	6.1	4.1	24.5	18.4	4.1	--	38.8	10
More than 16 hours	100.0	--	--	28.6	--	28.6	--	--	14
Hours not reported	100.0	14.4	9.8	15.8	14.0	9.8	5.1	31.2	9
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	16.0	7.4	14.4	18.2	6.8	5.6	31.7	8
Monday	100.0	9.2	9.2	17.9	13.9	11.3	5.0	33.5	10

Tuesday	100.0	13.2	8.9	15.3	14.2	11.5	7.2	29.7	10
Wednesday	100.0	14.7	13.0	14.7	10.1	9.3	8.2	30.0	8
Thursday	100.0	18.4	9.3	12.5	12.4	8.4	8.9	30.0	10
Friday	100.0	11.7	10.5	16.3	11.9	9.8	6.7	33.1	10
Saturday	100.0	15.8	8.7	17.9	13.2	7.6	10.8	26.0	7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 30, 2026

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 20,000,000$ where

N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference period

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) version 3 implemented for 2023 data forward. For complete information on the OIICS Version used in this year, see the OIICS manual page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/occupational-injuries-and-illnesses-classification-manual.htm>.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 30, 2026

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 20,000,000$ where

N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference period

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) version 3 implemented for 2023 data forward. For complete information on the OIICS Version used in this year, see the OIICS manual page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/occupational-injuries-and-illnesses-classification-manual.htm>.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 30, 2026

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 20,000,000$ where

N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference period

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

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